# UNITED STATES <br> SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION 

Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)

Q QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2007
OR

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## TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from $\qquad$ to $\qquad$ .

Commission File Number 1-13610

## PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

| TEXAS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| (State or other jurisdiction <br> of incorporation or organization) |  |
| (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) |  |
| 17950 Preston Road, Suite 600, Dallas, TX 75252 |  |
| (Address of principal executive offices) |  |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES $\mathbb{D O}$ o

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

## PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES

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## PART I

Financial Information
ITEM 1.
Financial Statements

PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

 (In thousands, except share data)|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { September 30, } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Unaudited) |  |  |  |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |
| Loans receivable, net | \$ | 164,064 | \$ | 169,181 |
| Retained interests in transferred assets |  | 50,611 |  | 55,724 |
| Cash and cash equivalents |  | 13,705 |  | 3,739 |
| Restricted investments - conduit facility |  | 1,094 |  | 995 |
| Mortgage-backed security of affiliate |  | 548 |  | 643 |
| Deferred tax asset, net |  | 174 |  | 203 |
| Real estate investments, net |  | - |  | 4,414 |
| Other assets |  | 3,588 |  | 5,505 |
| Total assets | \$ | 233,784 | \$ | 240,404 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| LIABILITIES AND BENEFICIARIES' EQUITY |  |  |  |  |
| Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| Junior subordinated notes | \$ | 27,070 | \$ | 27,070 |
| Credit facilities |  | 24,443 |  | 26,968 |
| Mortgage notes and debentures payable |  | 8,164 |  | 10,803 |
| Borrower advances |  | 3,842 |  | 3,694 |
| Redeemable preferred stock of subsidiary |  | 3,743 |  | 3,668 |
| Dividends payable |  | 3,293 |  | 4,365 |
| Deferred gains on property sales |  | 2,626 |  | 1,574 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses |  | 1,358 |  | 2,578 |
| Due to affiliates, net |  | - |  | 683 |
| Other liabilities |  | 858 |  | 810 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total liabilities |  | 75,397 |  | 82,213 |
| Commitments and contingencies |  |  |  |  |
| Cumulative preferred stock of subsidiary |  | 900 |  | 900 |
| Beneficiaries' equity: |  |  |  |  |
| Common shares of beneficial interest; authorized $100,000,000$ shares of $\$ 0.01$ par value; $11,051,383$ and 11,040,153 shares issued at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively, 10,765,033 and $10,753,803$ shares outstanding at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Additional paid-in capital |  | 152,307 |  | 152,178 |
| Net unrealized appreciation of retained interests in transferred assets |  | 2,520 |  | 3,256 |
| Cumulative net income |  | 148,471 |  | 137,984 |
| Cumulative dividends |  | $(142,691)$ |  | $(133,006)$ |
|  |  | 160,718 |  | 160,522 |
| Less: Treasury stock; at cost, 286,350 shares at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 |  | $(3,231)$ |  | $(3,231)$ |
| Total beneficiaries' equity |  | 157,487 |  | 157,291 |
| Total liabilities and beneficiaries' equity | \$ | 233,784 | \$ | 240,404 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(In thousands, except per share data)

|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
|  | (Unaudited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest income | \$ | 12,409 |  | \$ 11,588 | \$ | 4,155 |  | 3,977 |
| Income from retained interests in transferred assets |  | 6,654 |  | 7,319 |  | 2,676 |  | 2,384 |
| Hotel property revenues |  | - |  | 450 |  | - |  | 175 |
| Other income |  | 2,041 |  | 3,187 |  | 660 |  | 1,324 |
| Total revenues |  | 21,104 |  | 22,544 |  | 7,491 |  | 7,860 |
| Expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest |  | 4,091 |  | 4,032 |  | 1,346 |  | 1,248 |
| Salaries and related benefits |  | 3,574 |  | 3,437 |  | 1,193 |  | 1,164 |
| General and administrative |  | 1,879 |  | 2,023 |  | 583 |  | 766 |
| Permanent impairments on retained interests in transferred assets |  | 759 |  | 875 |  | 636 |  | 291 |
| Provision for loss on rent and related receivables |  | 239 |  | 925 |  | - |  | 500 |
| Provision for loan losses, net |  | 107 |  | 90 |  | 55 |  | 37 |
| Hotel property expenses |  | - |  | 433 |  | - |  | 179 |
| Total expenses |  | 10,649 |  | 11,815 |  | 3,813 |  | 4,185 |
| Gain on early extinguishment of debt |  | - |  | 563 |  | - |  | 563 |
| Income before income tax provision, minority interest and discontinued operations |  | 10,455 |  | 11,292 |  | 3,678 |  | 4,238 |
| Income tax provision |  | (461) |  | (629) |  | (114) |  | (295) |
| Minority interest (preferred stock dividend of subsidiary) |  | (67) |  | (67) |  | (22) |  | (22) |
| Income from continuing operations |  | 9,927 |  | 10,596 |  | 3,542 |  | 3,921 |
| Discontinued operations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net gains on sales of real estate |  | 1,292 |  | 2,024 |  | 13 |  | 5 |
| Impairment losses |  | (233) |  | (94) |  | - |  | - |
| Net earnings (losses) |  | (499) |  | 141 |  | (58) |  | 50 |
|  |  | 560 |  | 2,071 |  | (45) |  | 55 |
| Net income |  | 10,487 |  | \$ 12,667 | \$ | 3,497 |  | 3,976 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic |  | 10,758 |  | 10,747 |  | 10,765 |  | 10,751 |
| Diluted |  | 10,765 |  | 10,748 |  | 10,766 |  | 10,756 |
| Basic and diluted earnings per share: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income from continuing operations | \$ | 0.93 |  | \$ 0.99 | \$ | 0.33 |  | 0.36 |
| Discontinued operations |  | 0.05 |  | 0.19 |  | - |  | 0.01 |
| Net income |  | 0.98 |  | \$ 1.18 | \$ | 0.33 |  | 0.37 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES

 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In thousands)|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
|  | (Unaudited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income | \$ | 10,487 |  | \$ 12,667 | \$ | 3,497 | \$ | 3,976 |
| Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of retained interests in transferred assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) arising during period |  | (380) |  | (38) |  | (667) |  | 451 |
| Net realized gains included in net income |  | (356) |  | (474) |  | (135) |  | (140) |
|  |  | (736) |  | (512) |  | (802) |  | 311 |
| Comprehensive income | \$ | 9,751 |  | \$ 12,155 | \$ | 2,695 | \$ | 4,287 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF BENEFICIARIES' EQUITY (In thousands, except share and per share data)

|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Unaudited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Common <br> Shares of <br> Beneficial Interest Outstanding |  | Par Value | Additional Paid-in Capital | Net <br> Unrealized Appreciation of Retained Interests in Transferred Assets |  |  | umulative <br> Net <br> Income | Cumulative Dividends | Treasury |  | Total Beneficiaries’$\qquad$ |  |
| Balances, January 1, 2006 | 10,766,021 | \$ | 110 | \$152,047 | \$ | 4,519 |  | 122,300 | \$ $(119,031)$ |  | $(2,928)$ | \$ | 157,017 |
| Net unrealized depreciation | - |  | - | - |  | (512) |  | - | - |  | - |  | (512) |
| Shares repurchased | $(24,100)$ |  | - | - |  | - |  | - | - |  | (303) |  | (303) |
| Share-based compensation expense | 9,060 |  | - | 111 |  | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | 111 |
| Dividends (\$0.90 per share) | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - | $(9,674)$ |  | - |  | $(9,674)$ |
| Net income | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | 12,667 | - |  | - |  | 12,667 |
| Balances, September 30, 2006 | 10,750,981 | \$ | 110 | \$152,158 | \$ | 4,007 |  | 134,967 | \$(128,705) |  | $(3,231)$ | \$ | 159,306 |


|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Unaudited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Common <br> Shares of <br> Beneficial <br> Interest <br> Outstanding |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Par } \\ & \text { falue } \end{aligned}$ | Additional Paid-in Capital | Net Unrealized Appreciation of Retained Interests in Transferred Assets |  |  | umulative <br> Net <br> Income | Cumulative Dividends | Treasury <br> Stock |  | Total Beneficiaries' Equity |  |
| Balances, January 1, 2007 | 10,753,803 | \$ | 110 | \$152,178 | \$ | 3,256 |  | 137,984 | \$ $(133,006)$ | \$ | $(3,231)$ | \$ | 157,291 |
| Net unrealized depreciation | - |  | - | - |  | (736) |  | - | - |  | - |  | (736) |
| Share-based compensation expense | 11,230 |  | 1 | 129 |  | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | 130 |
| Dividends (\$0.90 per share) | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - | $(9,685)$ |  | - |  | $(9,685)$ |
| Net income | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | 10,487 | - |  | - |  | 10,487 |
| Balances, September 30, 2007 | 10,765,033 | \$ | 111 | \$ 152,307 | \$ | 2,520 |  | 148,471 | \$ $(142,691)$ |  | $(3,231)$ | \$ | 157,487 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands)

|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 | 2006 |
|  | (Unaudited) |  |
| Cash flows from operating activities: |  |  |
| Net income | \$ 10,487 | \$ 12,667 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |  |  |
| Depreciation | 73 | 186 |
| Permanent impairments on retained interests in transferred assets | 759 | 875 |
| Net gains on sales of real estate | $(1,292)$ | $(2,024)$ |
| Gain on early extinguishment of debt | - | (563) |
| Deferred income taxes | 29 | 112 |
| Provision for loan losses | 107 | 90 |
| Provision for losses on rent and related receivables | 239 | 925 |
| Impairment losses | 233 | 94 |
| Premium income adjustment | 49 | 116 |
| Amortization and accretion, net | (146) | (234) |
| Share-based compensation | 129 | 111 |
| Capitalized loan origination costs | (163) | (141) |
| Loans funded, held for sale | $(1,517)$ | $(4,867)$ |
| Proceeds from sale of guaranteed loans | 2,349 | 6,373 |
| Loan fees collected, net | 183 | 16 |
| Change in operating assets and liabilities: |  |  |
| Due to/from affiliates, net | (685) | (723) |
| Other assets | 302 | (10) |
| Borrower advances | (261) | $(1,603)$ |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | $(1,047)$ | $(1,076)$ |
| Other liabilities | 68 | (276) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 9,896 | 10,048 |

Cash flows from investing activities:

| Loans funded | $(24,003)$ | $(12,165)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Principal collected on loans receivable | 34,194 | 40,049 |
| Principal collected on retained interests in transferred assets | 3,889 | 4,052 |
| Proceeds from assets acquired in liquidation, net | 1,116 | 1,180 |
| Proceeds from sales of hotel properties, net | 1,060 | 3,128 |
| Proceeds from mortgage-backed security of affiliate | 135 | 187 |
| Investment in retained interests in transferred assets | (253) | (97) |
| Distribution from unconsolidated subsidiary | - | 452 |
| Release of (investment in) restricted investments - conduit facility, net | (99) | 794 |
| Purchase of furniture, fixtures and equipment | (45) | (100) |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | 15,994 | 37,480 |

Cash flows from financing activities:

| Purchase of treasury shares | - |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Payment of principal on credit facilities, net | $(2,525)$ | $(19,49)$ |
| Payment of principal on mortgages notes and debentures payable | $(2,642)$ | $(18,468)$ |
| Payment of dividends | $(10,757)$ |  |
| Net cash used in financing activities | $(15,924)$ | $\underline{(47,979)}$ |


| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 9,966 |
| :--- | :--- |

Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 3,739

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) 

## Note 1. Interim Financial Statements:

The accompanying consolidated balance sheet of PMC Commercial Trust ("PMC Commercial" or together with its wholly-owned subsidiaries, "we," "us" or "our") as of September 30, 2007 and the consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 and beneficiaries' equity and cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 have not been audited by independent accountants. In the opinion of management, the financial statements reflect all adjustments necessary to fairly present our financial position at September 30, 2007 and results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006. These adjustments are of a normal recurring nature.

Certain notes and other information have been omitted from the interim financial statements presented in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Therefore, these financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect (1) the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and (2) the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of future financial results.

## Note 2. Business:

PMC Commercial is a real estate investment trust ("REIT") that either directly, or through its subsidiaries, originates loans primarily to small businesses collateralized by first liens on the real estate of the related business. The majority of these loans are to borrowers in the limited service hospitality industry. We also originate loans on commercial real estate to borrowers in the service, retail, multi-family and manufacturing industries and loans guaranteed by the Small Business Administration ("SBA") collateralized by business assets and/or real estate. Our common shares are traded on the American Stock Exchange under the symbol "PCC."

## Note 3. Consolidation:

We consolidate entities that we control as well as variable interest entities ("VIEs") for which we are the primary beneficiary. To the extent we do not have a majority voting interest, we use the equity method to account for investments for which we have the ability to exercise significant influence over operating and financial policies. Consolidated net income includes our share of the net earnings of any VIE for which we are not the primary beneficiary. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of PMC Commercial, First Western SBLC, Inc. ("First Western"), PMC Investment Corporation ("PMCIC"), Western Financial Capital Corporation ("Western Financial"), PMC Commercial Trust, Ltd. 1998-1 ("PMCT Trust"), PMC Funding Corp. ("PMC Funding"), PMC Asset Holding, LLC ("Asset Holding"), PMC Conduit, L.P. ("PMC Conduit"), PMC Properties, Inc. ("PMC Properties") and separate subsidiaries created in conjunction with the purchase of certain hotel properties in 1999.

First Western is licensed as a small business lending company that originates loans through the SBA 7(a) Guaranteed Loan Program. PMCIC and Western Financial are licensed specialized small business investment companies under the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended ("SBIA"). PMCT Trust was formed in conjunction with our 1998 structured loan financing transaction. The 1998 structured notes were repaid on December 1, 2006. PMC Funding, Asset Holding and PMC Conduit hold assets on our behalf. PMC Properties is the operator, through third party managers, of any hospitality properties. No properties are currently being operated by PMC Properties.

In addition, we own subordinate financial interests in several non-consolidated special purpose entities (i.e., retained interests in transferred assets ("Retained Interests")). These are PMC Capital, L.P. 1998-1 (the "1998 Partnership"), PMC Capital, L.P. 1999-1 (the "1999 Partnership"), PMC Joint Venture, L.P. 2000 (the "2000 Joint Venture"), PMC Joint Venture, L.P. 2001 (the "2001 Joint Venture"), PMC Joint Venture, L.P. 2002-1 (the "2002 Joint Venture") and PMC Joint Venture, L.P.

## PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

2003 (the "2003 Joint Venture," and together with the 2000 Joint Venture, the 2001 Joint Venture and the 2002 Joint Venture, the "Joint Ventures," and the Joint Ventures together with the 1998 Partnership and the 1999 Partnership, the "QSPEs") created in connection with structured loan sale transactions.

We account for our Retained Interests in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishment of Liabilities" ("SFAS No. 140") and Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 99-20, "Recognition of Interest Income and Impairment on Purchased and Retained Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets." While we are the servicer of the assets held by these QSPEs, we are required under the transaction documents to comply with strict servicing standards and are subject to the approval of the trustees and/or noteholders regarding any significant issues associated with the assets. As a result, we believe we have relinquished control of the assets sold to the QSPEs. Accordingly, the assets, liabilities, partners' capital and results of operations of the QSPEs are not included in our consolidated financial statements.

## Note 4. Variable Interest Entities:

A VIE is an entity for which control is achieved through means other than voting rights. An entity should consolidate a VIE if that entity will absorb a majority of the VIE's expected losses, receive a majority of the VIE's expected residual returns, or both. The following entities have been determined to be VIEs:

## PMC Conduit

We have a $\$ 100.0$ million conduit warehouse facility (the "Conduit Facility"). The Conduit Facility operates as a revolving line of credit, collateralized by loans originated by us, which have been or will be sold to PMC Conduit. The transfers of loans to PMC Conduit did not meet the requirements of SFAS No. 140 for sale treatment. PMC Commercial has not guaranteed the repayment of the obligations of the Conduit Facility.

Since PMC Commercial is the primary beneficiary, PMC Conduit is consolidated in the financial statements of PMC Commercial.

## PMC Preferred Capital Trust-A

During 2005, PMC Commercial issued notes payable (the "Junior Subordinated Notes") of approximately $\$ 27.1$ million due March 30, 2035 to a special purpose subsidiary, PMC Preferred Capital Trust-A, a Delaware statutory trust ("Preferred Trust"). The Junior Subordinated Notes, included in our consolidated balance sheets, are subordinated to PMC Commercial's existing debt.

Since PMC Commercial is not considered to be the primary beneficiary, Preferred Trust is not consolidated in PMC Commercial's financial statements. The equity method is used to account for our investment in the Preferred Trust.

## PMCT Plainfield, L.P.

During 2006, we leased a hotel property owned by a separate subsidiary (PMCT Plainfield, L.P.) which was previously consolidated. The hotel property is the primary asset of the subsidiary. The lessee has the option, and is expected to exercise this option, to purchase the property for $\$ 1,825,000$ at termination of the lease in January 2011 or earlier if certain events occur. Based on the terms of this lease agreement, including the fixed price purchase option, the subsidiary was determined to be a VIE.

Since PMC Commercial is not considered to be the primary beneficiary, PMCT Plainfield, L.P. is not consolidated in PMC Commercial's financial statements. The equity method is used to account for our investment in PMCT Plainfield, L.P.

## Note 5. Reclassifications:

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported net income or total beneficiaries' equity.

# PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) 

## Note 6. Share-Based Compensation Plans:

We use the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123R, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," to account for all awards granted, modified or settled.

We granted 20,000 option awards on June 9, 2007 at an exercise price of $\$ 14.01$ (the closing price on June 8, 2007). The fair value of this option award was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions:

| Assumption |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Expected Term (years) | 3.0 |
| Risk-Free Interest Rate | $4.99 \%$ |
| Expected Dividend Yield | $8.57 \%$ |
| Expected Volatility | $13.41 \%$ |
| Expected Forfeiture Rate | $5.0 \%$ |

The expected term of the options granted represents the period of time that the options are expected to be outstanding and was based on historical data. The risk-free rate was based on the three-year U.S. Treasury rate corresponding to the expected term of the options. We used historical information to determine our expected volatility and forfeiture rates. We recorded compensation expense of approximately $\$ 11,000$ during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 related to this option grant. We granted 33,250 option awards on June 10, 2006 at an exercise price of $\$ 12.72$ (the closing price on June 9, 2006) and recorded compensation expense of approximately $\$ 19,000$ during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 related to this option grant.

In addition, we issued an aggregate of 11,400 restricted shares to executive officers and our Board of Trust Managers on June 9, 2007 at the then current market price of the shares of $\$ 14.01$. We issued an aggregate of 9,060 restricted shares to executive officers and our Board of Trust Managers on both June 10, 2006 and June 11, 2005 at the then current market prices of the shares. The restricted share awards vest based on two years of continuous service with one-third of the shares vesting immediately upon issuance of the shares and one-third vesting at the end of each of the next two years. Restricted share awards provide for accelerated vesting if there is a change in control (as defined in the plan).

Compensation expense related to the restricted shares is being recognized over the vesting periods. We recorded compensation expense of approximately $\$ 25,000$ and $\$ 20,000$ and $\$ 118,000$ and $\$ 92,000$ during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, related to the restricted shares. As of September 30, 2007, there was approximately $\$ 92,000$ of total unrecognized compensation expense related to the restricted shares which will be recognized through June 2009.

## Note 7. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements:

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 157 ("SFAS No. 157"), "Fair Value Measurements" in September 2006. SFAS
No. 157 clarifies the principle that fair value should be based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability, establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the information used to develop those assumptions and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and interim periods within those fiscal years. We are currently evaluating the impact of SFAS No. 157 on our consolidated financial statements; however, we do not expect the adoption to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

The FASB issued SFAS No. 159 ("SFAS No. 159"), "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" in February 2007. SFAS No. 159 allows entities the option to measure eligible financial instruments at fair value at specified dates. Such election, which may be applied on an instrument by instrument basis, is typically irrevocable once elected. SFAS No. 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We have not yet determined the impact, if any, of SFAS No. 159 on our consolidated financial statements.

## PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Statement of Position 07-01 ("SOP 07-01"), "Clarification of the Scope of the Audit and Accounting Guide Investment Companies and Accounting by Parent Companies and Equity Method Investors for Investments in Investment Companies," was issued in June 2007. SOP 07-01 provides guidance for determining whether an entity is within the scope of the AICPA Audit and Accounting Guide for Investment Companies. For entities that are determined to be investment companies, SOP 07-01 also addresses whether investment company accounting should be retained by a parent company in consolidation. SOP 07-01 is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2007. We are currently evaluating the impact of SOP 07-01 on our consolidated financial statements; however, we do not expect the adoption to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Note 8. Loans Receivable, net:
Loans receivable, net, consisted of the following:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { September 30, } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (In thousands) |  |  |  |
| SBIC commercial mortgage loans | \$ | 25,844 | \$ | 36,243 |
| SBA 7(a) Guaranteed Loan Program loans |  | 12,353 |  | 14,749 |
| Conduit Facility loans (1) |  | 47,585 |  | 43,612 |
| Other commercial mortgage loans |  | 78,696 |  | 75,089 |
| Total loans receivable |  | 164,478 |  | 169,693 |
| Less: |  |  |  |  |
| Deferred commitment fees, net |  | (358) |  | (449) |
| Loan loss reserves |  | (56) |  | (63) |
| Loans receivable, net | \$ | 164,064 | \$ | 169,181 |

(1) These loans are collateral for our Conduit Facility.

The activity in our loan loss reserves was as follows:

|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |
|  | (In thousands) |  |  |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 63 |  | 427 |
| Provision for loan losses | 122 |  | 137 |
| Reduction of loan losses | (15) |  | (47) |
| Principal balances written-off, net | (114) |  | (467) |
| Balance, end of period | \$ 56 |  | 50 |

# PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) 

Impaired loans are defined by generally accepted accounting principles as loans for which it is probable that the lender will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the original contractual terms of the loan. Information on those loans considered to be impaired loans was as follows:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { September 30, } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Impaired loans requiring reserves | \$ | 606 | \$ | 82 |  |  |  |  |
| Impaired loans expected to be fully recoverable (1) |  | - |  | 1,837 |  |  |  |  |
| Total impaired loans | \$ | 606 | \$ | 1,919 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
|  | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average impaired loans | \$ | 1,301 | \$ | 1,311 | \$ | 597 | \$ | 542 |
| Interest income on impaired loans (2) | \$ | - | \$ | 71 | \$ | - | \$ | 2 |

(1) Loans acquired were recorded at their estimated fair value and as such are reflected at discounted amounts. Certain of these loans have no reserves and are thus shown in impaired loans expected to be fully recoverable with respect to our recorded investment in the loan; however, we do not expect to collect all amounts due according to the original contractual terms of the note.
(2) Recorded primarily on the cash basis.

## Note 9. Real Estate Investments:

In April 2007, we sold a hotel property for $\$ 2.6$ million and recognized a gain of approximately $\$ 228,000$. We financed the sale of the property through origination of a loan of $\$ 2.1$ million with an interest rate of LIBOR plus $3.75 \%$ and maturity and amortization periods of 20 years. The loan was repaid during July 2007.

During June 2007, we sold a hotel property for approximately $\$ 2.9$ million and recognized a gain of approximately $\$ 852,000$. We financed the sale of the property through origination of a loan of approximately $\$ 2.3$ million with an interest rate of LIBOR plus $3.75 \%$ and maturity and amortization periods of 20 years.

## Note 10. Retained Interests:

In our structured loan sale transactions, we contributed loans receivable to a QSPE in exchange for cash and beneficial interests in that entity. The QSPE issued notes payable (the "Structured Notes") to unaffiliated parties ("Structured Noteholders"). The QSPE then distributed a portion of the proceeds from the Structured Notes to us. The Structured Notes are collateralized solely by the assets of the QSPE which means that should the financial assets in the QSPE be insufficient for the trustee to make payments on the Structured Notes, the Structured Noteholders have no recourse against us. Upon the completion of our structured loan sale transactions, we recorded the transfer of loans receivable as a sale in accordance with SFAS No. 140. As a result, the loans receivable contributed to the QSPE, the Structured Notes issued by the QSPE, and the operating results of the QSPE are not included in our consolidated financial statements. Retained Interests are carried at estimated fair value, with realized gains and permanent impairments recorded in net income and unrealized gains and losses recorded in beneficiaries' equity.

We completed joint structured loan sale transactions with PMC Capital, Inc., our affiliate through common management. Our interests related to the loans receivable we contributed to these structured loan sale transactions are the "Originated Structured Loan Sale Transactions." During 2004, we acquired PMC Capital, Inc.'s Retained Interests in the Joint Ventures and 100\% of the 1998 Partnership and the 1999 Partnership (collectively, the "Acquired Structured Loan Sale Transactions").

## PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Information pertaining to our Originated Structured Loan Sale Transactions as of September 30, 2007 was as follows:

|  | $2000$ <br> Joint Venture | 2001 <br> Joint Venture | $2002$ <br> Joint Venture | 2003 <br> Joint Venture |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Dollars in thousands) |  |  |  |
| Principal outstanding on sold loans | 24,989 | 4,350 | \$ 11,811 | \$ 14,679 |
| Structured Notes balance outstanding | 19,536 | 2,881 | 10,489 | 11,303 |
| Cash in the collection account | 258 | 1,167 | \$ 1,522 | \$ 1,317 |
| Cash in the reserve account | 1,443 | 624 | \$ 797 | 956 |
| Weighted average interest rate on loans (1) | 9.59\% | 9.73\% | 9.46\% | L+4.02\% |
| Discount rate assumptions (2) | 8.2\% to 12.9\% | 8.2\% to 12.9\% | 8.2\% to $12.9 \%$ | 7.9\% to $12.9 \%$ |
| Constant prepayment rate assumption (3) | 18.00\% | 18.00\% | 18.00\% | 18.00\% |
| Weighted average remaining life of Retained Interests (4) | 1.82 years | 0.90 years | 1.96 years | 1.99 years |
| Aggregate losses assumed (5) | 1.13\% | -\% | 1.16\% | 1.03\% |
| Aggregate principal losses to date (6) | 0.33\% | 0.56\% | -\% | -\% |

(1) Variable interest rates are denoted by the spread over the 90-day LIBOR ("L").
(2) Discount rates utilized were (a) $7.9 \%$ to $8.2 \%$ for our required overcollateralization, (b) $9.9 \%$ for our reserve funds and (c) $12.9 \%$ for our interestonly strip receivables.
(3) The prepayment rate was based on the actual performance of the loan pools, adjusted for anticipated principal prepayments considering similar loans.
(4) The weighted average remaining life of Retained Interests was calculated by summing the product of (a) the sum of the principal collections expected in each future period multiplied by (b) the number of periods until collection, and then dividing that total by (c) the remaining principal balance.
(5) Represents aggregate estimated future losses as a percentage of the principal outstanding based upon per annum losses ranging from $0.0 \%$ to $1.2 \%$. To the extent any loans are likely to be liquidated in the next twelve months, estimated losses were assumed to occur during that period. Generally, no losses are assumed in the twelve months ending September 30, 2008 for those structured loan sale transactions with no current potential impaired loans.
(6) Represents aggregate principal losses to date as a percentage of the principal outstanding at inception. For the 2000 Joint Venture, represents the loss on a loan receivable repurchased by PMC Commercial due to a loan modification and assumption. For the 2001 Joint Venture, represents the loss on a delinquent loan receivable with a "charged-off" status repurchased by PMC Commercial.

## PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Information pertaining to our Acquired Structured Loan Sale Transactions as of September 30, 2007 was as follows:

|  | $\begin{gathered} 1998 \\ \text { Partnership } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1999 \\ \text { Partnership } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2000 \\ & \text { Joint } \end{aligned}$ Venture | $2001$ <br> Joint <br> Venture | $\begin{gathered} 2002 \\ \text { Joint } \\ \text { Venture } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2003 \\ \text { Joint } \\ \text { Venture } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | (Dollars | usands) |  |  |
| Principal outstanding on sold loans | \$ 10,495 | \$ 12,394 | \$ 8,185 | \$ 14,165 | \$ 14,578 | \$ 24,784 |
| Structured Notes balance outstanding | \$ 10,027 | \$ 9,647 | \$ 5,477 | \$ 10,271 | \$ 10,293 | \$ 20,526 |
| Cash in the collection account | \$ 240 | \$ 956 | 74 | 157 | \$ 114 | \$ 1,732 |
| Cash in the reserve account | \$ 1,335 | \$ 1,215 | \$ 563 | 989 | 881 | \$ 1,586 |
| Weighted average interest rate of loans (1) | P+0.95\% | 9.08\% | 9.00\% | 9.64\% | 9.41\% | L+4.02\% |
| Discount rate assumptions (2) | 7.4\% to 12.9\% | 8.2\% to 12.9\% | 8.2\% to $12.9 \%$ | 8.2\% to $12.9 \%$ | 8.2\% to 12.9\% | 7.9\% to 12.9\% |
| Constant prepayment rate assumption (3) | 16.00\% | 18.00\% | 18.00\% | 18.00\% | 18.00\% | 18.00\% |
| Weighted average remaining life of Retained Interests (4) | 2.52 years | 2.12 years | 1.64 years | 1.06 years | 1.70 years | 1.60 years |
| Aggregate principal losses assumed (5) | 1.15\% | 1.11\% | 1.83\% | 0.64\% | 1.06\% | 1.01\% |
| Aggregate principal losses to date (6) | -\% | -\% | 4.28\% | 1.78\% | 1.31\% | -\% |

(1) Variable interest rates are denoted by the spread over the prime rate ("P") or the 90-day LIBOR ("L").
(2) Discount rates utilized were (a) $7.4 \%$ to $8.2 \%$ for our required overcollateralization, (b) $9.9 \%$ for our reserve funds and (c) $12.9 \%$ for our interestonly strip receivables.
(3) The prepayment rate was based on the actual performance of the loan pools, adjusted for anticipated principal prepayments considering similar loans.
(4) The weighted average remaining life of Retained Interests was calculated by summing the product of (a) the sum of the principal collections expected in each future period multiplied by (b) the number of periods until collection, and then dividing that total by (c) the remaining principal balance.
(5) Represents aggregate estimated future losses as a percentage of the principal outstanding based upon per annum losses ranging from $0.0 \%$ to $1.5 \%$. To the extent any loans are likely to be liquidated in the next twelve months, estimated losses were assumed to occur during that period. Generally, no losses are assumed in the twelve months ending September 30, 2008 for those structured loan sale transactions with no current potential impaired loans.
(6) Represents aggregate principal losses to date as a percentage of the principal outstanding at inception. For the 2000 Joint Venture, represents historical losses incurred prior to our acquisition. For the 2001 Joint Venture and the 2002 Joint Venture, represents losses on delinquent loans receivable with a "charged-off" status repurchased by PMC Commercial.

At September 30, 2007, none of the loans sold to the QSPEs were delinquent over 60 days as to principal and interest.
First Western has Retained Interests related to the sale of loans originated pursuant to the SBA 7(a) Guaranteed Loan Program. The SBA guaranteed portions of First Western's loans receivable are sold to either dealers in government guaranteed loans receivable or institutional investors ("Secondary Market Loan Sales") as the loans are fully funded. On Secondary Market Loan Sales, we may retain an excess spread between the interest rate paid to us from our borrowers and the rate we pay to the purchaser of the guaranteed portion of the note and servicing costs. At September 30, 2007, the aggregate principal balance of First Western's serviced loans receivable on which we had an excess spread was approximately $\$ 34.5$ million and the weighted average excess spread was approximately $0.6 \%$. In determining the fair value of our Retained Interests related to Secondary Market Loan Sales, our assumptions at September 30, 2007 included a prepayment speed of $20 \%$ per annum and a discount rate of $12.9 \%$.

The estimated fair value of our Retained Interests is based upon an estimate of the discounted future cash flows we will receive. In determining the present value of expected future cash flows, estimates are made in determining the amount and timing of those cash flows and the discount rates. The amount and timing of cash flows is generally determined based on estimates of loan losses and anticipated prepayment speeds relating to the loans receivable contributed to the QSPE. Actual loan losses and prepayments may vary significantly from assumptions. The discount rates that we utilize in computing the estimated fair value are based upon estimates of the inherent risks associated with each cash flow stream. Due to the limited

## PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

number of entities that conduct transactions with similar assets, the relatively small size of our Retained Interests and the limited number of buyers for such assets, no readily ascertainable market exists. Therefore, our estimate of the fair value may or may not vary from what a willing buyer would pay for these assets.

The components of our Retained Interests are (1) our required overcollateralization (the "OC piece"), (2) the "reserve fund" and the interest earned thereon and (3) the interest-only strip receivable (the "IO Receivable").

Our Retained Interests consisted of the following:


The difference between the estimated fair value and cost of our Retained Interests is reflected in our consolidated balance sheets as unrealized appreciation of Retained Interests.

## PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

The following sensitivity analysis of our Retained Interests as of September 30, 2007 highlights the volatility that results when prepayments, losses and discount rates are different than our assumptions:

| Changed Assumption | Estimated <br> Fair Value | Asset <br> Change (1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (In thousands) |  |
| Losses increase by 50 basis points per annum (2) | \$49,770 | (\$ 841) |
| Losses increase by 100 basis points per annum (2) | \$48,949 | $(\$ 1,662)$ |
| Rate of prepayment increases by $5 \%$ per annum (3) | \$50,415 | (\$ 196) |
| Rate of prepayment increases by 10\% per annum (3) | \$50,293 | (\$ 318) |
| Discount rates increase by 100 basis points | \$49,597 | $(\$ 1,014)$ |
| Discount rates increase by 200 basis points | \$48,609 | $(\$ 2,002)$ |

(1) Any depreciation of our Retained Interests is either included in the accompanying statement of income as a permanent impairment (if there is a reduction in expected future cash flows) or on our balance sheet in beneficiaries' equity as an unrealized loss.
(2) If we experience losses in excess of anticipated losses, the effect on our Retained Interests would first be to reduce the value of the IO receivables. To the extent the IO receivables could not fully absorb the losses, the effect would then be to reduce the value of our reserve funds and then the value of our OC pieces.
(3) For example, an $18 \%$ assumed rate of prepayment would be increased to $23 \%$ or $28 \%$ based on increases of $5 \%$ or $10 \%$ per annum, respectively.

These sensitivities are hypothetical and should be used with caution. Values based on changes in these assumptions generally cannot be extrapolated since the relationship of the change in an assumption to the change in fair value is not linear. The effect of a variation in a particular assumption on the fair value of our Retained Interests is calculated without changing any other assumption. In reality, changes in one factor are not isolated from changes in another which might magnify or counteract the sensitivities.

In accordance with SFAS No. 140, our consolidated financial statements do not include the assets, liabilities, partners' capital, revenues or expenses of the QSPEs. As a result, at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 our consolidated balance sheets do not include $\$ 159.2$ million and $\$ 207.7$ million of assets, respectively, and $\$ 110.8$ million and $\$ 156.5$ million of liabilities, respectively, related to our structured loan sale transactions recorded by the QSPEs. At September 30, 2007, the partners' capital of the QSPEs was approximately $\$ 48.4$ million compared to the value of the associated Retained Interests of approximately $\$ 50.1$ million.

The annualized yield on our Retained Interests, which is comprised of the income earned less permanent impairments, was as follows:

## Annualized yield

| Nine M Sept | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ended } \\ & 30, \end{aligned}$ | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007 | 2006 | 2007 | 2006 |
| 14.0\% | 14.2\% | 13.7\% | 13.4 |

During March 2007, PMC Commercial repurchased a loan from the 2003 Joint Venture which had become "charged-off" as defined in the transaction documents with an outstanding principal balance of approximately $\$ 3.5$ million. We foreclosed on the underlying collateral of the loan, a full service hospitality property, during May 2007. In June 2007, we sold the hotel property for $\$ 4.4$ million. The gain at the time of sale was approximately $\$ 722,000$ of which approximately $\$ 578,000$ was deferred until full gain recognition criteria are met. We financed the sale of the property through origination of a loan of approximately $\$ 3.5$ million with an interest rate of LIBOR plus $2.5 \%$ and maturity and amortization periods of 20 years.

# PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) 

## Note 11. Other Assets:

Other assets consisted of the following:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { September 30, } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (In thousands, except footnote) |  |  |  |
| Interest receivable | \$ | 943 | \$ | 1,016 |
| Deferred borrowing costs, net |  | 902 |  | 1,069 |
| Investment in Preferred Trust |  | 838 |  | 820 |
| Prepaid expenses and deposits |  | 381 |  | 614 |
| Investment in PMCT Plainfield, L.P. |  | 128 |  | 6 |
| Asset acquired in liquidation, net (1) |  | - |  | 975 |
| Rent and related receivables |  | - |  | 567 |
| Other |  | 396 |  | 438 |
|  | \$ | 3,588 | \$ | 5,505 |

(1) During March 2007, we sold an asset acquired in liquidation for $\$ 1,425,000$ and recognized a gain of approximately $\$ 20,000$ and deferred the remaining gain of approximately $\$ 446,000$. We financed the sale of the property through origination of a loan of approximately $\$ 1,360,000$ with an interest rate of $9.0 \%$ and maturity and amortization periods of 20 years.

PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <br> (Unaudited)

## Note 12. Debt:

Information on our debt was as follows:

|  | September 30, 2007 |  |  | December 31, 2006 |  |  |  | Range of Maturities | Weighted Average Coupon Rate at |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Face Amount |  | Carrying Value |  | Face <br> Amount |  | Carrying <br> Value |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { September 30, } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { December 31, } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  | (Dollars in thousands, except footnote) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mortgage notes and debentures payable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debentures | \$ 8,190 | \$ | 8,164 | \$ | 8,190 | \$ | 8,161 | 2013 to 2015 | 5.90\% | 5.90\% |
| Mortgage notes (1) | - |  | - |  | 2,642 |  | 2,642 | N/A | N/A | 8.02\% |
|  | 8,190 |  | 8,164 |  | 10,832 |  | 10,803 |  |  |  |
| Junior Subordinated Notes | 27,070 |  | 27,070 |  | 27,070 |  | 27,070 | 2035 | 8.61\% | 8.62\% |
| Credit facilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Conduit Facility | 24,443 |  | 24,443 |  | 26,968 |  | 26,968 | 2008 | 6.82\% | 6.35\% |
| Revolving credit facility | - |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2007 | N/A | N/A |
|  | 24,443 |  | 24,443 |  | 26,968 |  | 26,968 |  |  |  |
| Redeemable preferred stock of subsidiary | 4,000 |  | 3,743 |  | 4,000 |  | 3,668 | 2009 to 2010 | 4.00\% | 4.00\% |
| Debt | \$ 63,703 | \$ | 63,420 | \$ | 68,870 |  | 68,509 |  |  |  |

(1) Does not include a mortgage note of an unconsolidated subsidiary with a principal balance of approximately $\$ 1.3$ million outstanding at September 30, 2007 with a fixed interest rate of $8.5 \%$ due January 1, 2011.

Principal payments required on our consolidated debt at September 30, 2007 were as follows (face amount):

| Twelve Months |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ending September 30, | Total |  |
|  | (In thousands) |  |
| 2008 | \$ | 24,443 |
| 2009 |  | 2,000 |
| 2010 |  | 2,000 |
| 2011 |  | - |
| 2012 |  | - |
| Thereafter |  | 35,260 |
|  | \$ | 63,703 |

## Debentures

Debentures represent amounts due to the SBA as a result of borrowings made pursuant to the SBIA. The debentures have a weighted average cost of funds of approximately $6.0 \%$ and require semi-annual interest only payments.

# PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) 

## Mortgage Notes

During April 2007, we repaid a mortgage note with a principal balance of approximately $\$ 1.2$ million. As a result of the prepayment, we incurred a fee of approximately $\$ 166,000$. During May 2007, we repaid the remaining mortgage note with a principal balance of approximately $\$ 1.4$ million. As a result of the prepayment, we incurred a fee of approximately $\$ 286,000$.

## Junior Subordinated Notes

The Junior Subordinated Notes bear interest at a floating rate which resets on a quarterly basis at the 90-day LIBOR plus $3.25 \%$. The Junior Subordinated Notes may be redeemed at our option, without penalty, beginning on March 30, 2010. Interest payments are due on a quarterly basis.

## Conduit Facility

Interest payments are payable by PMC Conduit on a monthly basis at a rate typically approximating LIBOR, plus $0.85 \%$. The rate that approximates LIBOR is a "pass-through" rate that the bank facility pays for its commercial paper. During periods of credit market uncertainty, the bank facility may have to pay higher daily interest rates and consequently passes the higher rates to PMC Conduit. While it appears that current "pass-through" rates have stabilized at close to LIBOR, during September and October 2007, the rates were increased by approximately 50 basis points. PMC Conduit's principal repayment obligations are expected to be financed through future securitizations of the loans collateralizing advances under the Conduit Facility. In addition, we are charged an unused fee equal to 12.5 basis points computed based on the daily available balance. The Conduit Facility allows for advances based on the amount of eligible collateral sold and has minimum collateral requirements. We had availability of approximately $\$ 12.9$ million under the Conduit Facility at September 30, 2007 without additional sales of loans receivable to PMC Conduit. At September 30, 2007, PMC Commercial had available approximately $\$ 30.6$ million of loans which are conduit eligible loans. The Conduit Facility has covenants, the most restrictive of which are maximum delinquency ratios for our contributed loans and serviced portfolio, as defined in the transaction documents. At September 30, 2007, we were in compliance with the covenants of this facility. We are currently negotiating to extend the conduit facility for an additional year and expect the completion of the extension during the fourth quarter of 2007.

## Revolving Credit Facility

PMC Commercial has a revolving credit facility which provides us with credit availability up to $\$ 20$ million. We are charged interest on the balance outstanding under the revolving credit facility at our election of either the prime rate of the lender less 75 basis points or 162.5 basis points over the 30,60 or 90 -day LIBOR. In addition, we are charged an unused fee equal to 37.5 basis points computed based on our daily available balance. The credit facility requires us to meet certain covenants, the most restrictive of which (1) provides for an asset coverage test based on our cash and cash equivalents, loans receivable and Retained Interests as a ratio to our senior debt and (2) limits our ability to pay out returns of capital as part of our dividends. At September 30, 2007, we were in compliance with the covenants of this facility. Subsequent to September 30, 2007, we extended the maturity of the revolving credit facility to December 2009.

## Redeemable Preferred Stock of Subsidiary

PMCIC has outstanding 40,000 shares of $\$ 100$ par value, $4 \%$ cumulative preferred stock (the " $4 \%$ Preferred Stock"). The $4 \%$ Preferred Stock is held by the SBA pursuant to the SBIA. The 4\% Preferred Stock was issued during 1994 ( $\$ 2.0$ million) and 1995 ( $\$ 2.0$ million) and must be redeemed at par no later than 15 years from the date of issuance. Dividends of approximately $\$ 41,000$ and $\$ 120,000$ were recognized on the $4 \%$ Preferred Stock during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and are included in interest expense on our consolidated statements of income.

## Note 13. Cumulative Preferred Stock of Subsidiary:

PMCIC has outstanding 30,000 shares of $\$ 100$ par value, $3 \%$ cumulative preferred stock (the " $3 \%$ Preferred Stock") held by the SBA pursuant to the SBIA. PMCIC is entitled to redeem, in whole or part, the 3\% Preferred Stock by paying the par value ( $\$ 3.0$ million) of these securities plus dividends accumulated and unpaid on the date of redemption. While the $3 \%$ Preferred Stock may be redeemed, redemption is not mandatory. Dividends of approximately $\$ 22,000$ and $\$ 67,000$ were recognized on the 3\% Preferred Stock during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and are reflected in our consolidated statements of income as minority interest.

# PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) 

## Note 14. Earnings Per Share:

The computations of basic earnings per common share are based on our weighted average shares outstanding. The weighted average number of common shares outstanding was approximately $10,765,000$ and $10,751,000$ for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The weighted average number of common shares outstanding was approximately $10,758,000$ and $10,747,000$ for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. For purposes of calculating the dilutive effect of options to purchase common shares, the weighted average shares outstanding were increased by approximately 1,000 and 7,000 shares during the three and nine months ended September 30 , 2007, respectively, and by approximately 5,000 and 1,000 shares during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, respectively.

Not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share were outstanding options to purchase approximately 58,000 and 61,000 common shares during the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and options to purchase approximately 34,000 and 132,000 common shares during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, because the options' exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the shares.

## Note 15. Dividends Declared:

Dividends declared during 2007 were as follows:

| Date Paid | Record Date | Amount Per Share |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April 9, 2007 | March 30, 2007 | \$ | 0.30 |
| July 9, 2007 | June 29, 2007 |  | 0.30 |
| October 9, 2007 | September 28, 2007 |  | 0.30 |
|  |  | \$ | 0.90 |

## Note 16. Income Taxes:

PMC Commercial has elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). To qualify as a REIT, PMC Commercial must meet a number of organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement that we distribute at least $90 \%$ of our taxable income to our shareholders. As a REIT, PMC Commercial generally will not be subject to corporate level Federal income tax on net income that is currently distributed to shareholders. We may, however, be subject to certain Federal excise taxes and state and local taxes on our income and property. If PMC Commercial fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, it will be subject to Federal income taxes at regular corporate rates (including any applicable alternative minimum tax) and will not be able to qualify as a REIT for four subsequent taxable years.

In order to meet our prior year taxable income distribution requirements, we may make an election under the Code to treat a portion of the distributions declared in the current year as distributions of the prior year's taxable income.

PMC Commercial has wholly-owned taxable REIT subsidiaries ("TRS's") which are subject to Federal income taxes: PMCIC, First Western, PMC Funding and PMC Properties. The income generated from the TRS's is taxed at normal corporate rates. We account for income taxes in accordance with SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" which uses the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases.

We calculate our current and deferred tax provisions based on estimates and assumptions that could differ from the actual results reflected in income tax returns filed during the subsequent year. Adjustments based on the final tax returns are generally recorded in the period when the returns are filed.

# PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) 

Income tax provision consisted of the following:

|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
|  | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current provision | \$ | 432 | \$ | 517 | \$ | 99 | \$ | 168 |
| Deferred provision |  | 29 |  | 112 |  | 15 |  | 127 |
| Income tax provision | \$ | 461 | \$ | 629 | \$ | 114 | \$ | 295 |

Included within the current provision for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 is approximately $\$ 20,000$ in Federal income taxes of PMC Commercial Trust relating to a gain on the sale of one of our assets acquired in liquidation on which we made a foreclosure property election which requires PMC Commercial Trust to pay a $35 \%$ tax on the gain.

The provision for income taxes related to the TRS's results in effective tax rates that differ from Federal statutory rates of $35 \%$. The reconciliation of TRS income tax attributable to net income computed at Federal statutory rates to income tax expense related to the TRS's was as follows:

|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
|  | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income before income taxes for TRS's | \$ | 1,237 | \$ | 1,865 | s | 344 | \$ | 910 |
| Expected Federal income tax provision | \$ | 432 | \$ | 652 | \$ | 121 | \$ | 318 |
| Preferred dividend of subsidiary recorded as minority interest |  | 23 |  | 23 |  | 7 |  | 7 |
| Other adjustments |  | (14) |  | (46) |  | (14) |  | (30) |
| Income tax provision related to TRS's | \$ | 441 | \$ | 629 | \$ | 114 | \$ | 295 |

The FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48 ("FIN 48"), "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes — an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109," in July 2006. FIN 48 clarifies the accounting and disclosure for uncertainty in income tax positions, as defined, imposes a recognition threshold and measurement attributes for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken in a tax return and provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. We were subject to the provisions of FIN 48 as of January 1, 2007, and to the extent applicable, have analyzed filing positions in all of the federal and state jurisdictions where we are required to file income tax returns, as well as all open tax years in those jurisdictions. We have identified our federal tax returns and our state returns in Texas as "major" tax jurisdictions, as defined. The periods subject to examination for our federal tax returns and state returns in Texas are the 2003 through 2006 tax years. We believe that all income tax filing positions and deductions will be sustained on audit and do not anticipate any adjustments that will result in a material change to our financial position. Therefore, no reserves for uncertain tax positions have been recorded pursuant to FIN 48. In addition, we did not record a cumulative effect adjustment related to the adoption of FIN 48.

In accordance with FIN 48, we have established a policy on classification of penalties and interest related to audits of our federal and state income tax returns. If incurred, our policy for recording interest and penalties associated with audits will be to record such items as a component of income before income tax provision, minority interest and discontinued operations. Penalties, if incurred, will be recorded in general and administrative expense and interest paid or received will be recorded in interest expense or interest income, respectively, in the consolidated statements of income.

## PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <br> (Unaudited)

## Note 17. Other Income:

Other income consisted of the following:

|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
|  | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prepayment fees | \$ | 614 | \$ | 1,516 | \$ | 65 | \$ | 752 |
| Servicing income (1) |  | 592 |  | 803 |  | 186 |  | 258 |
| Other loan related income |  | 492 |  | 301 |  | 352 |  | 121 |
| Premium income (2) |  | 174 |  | 499 |  | - |  | 174 |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries |  | 75 |  | 51 |  | 25 |  | 19 |
| Other |  | 94 |  | 17 |  | 32 |  | - |
|  | \$ | 2,041 | \$ | 3,187 | \$ | 660 | \$ | 1,324 |

(1) We earn fees for servicing all loans held by the QSPEs and First Western's loans sold into the secondary market.
(2) Premium income results from the sale of First Western's loans pursuant to Secondary Market Loan Sales.

## PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <br> (Unaudited)

## Note 18. Discontinued Operations:

We sold all of our hotel properties and assets acquired in liquidation. Discontinued operations of our hotel properties (two and 14 hotel properties during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively) and assets acquired in liquidation (primarily three and two limited service hospitality properties during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively) consisted of the following:

|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
|  | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotel and Lease Operations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotel operating revenues | \$ | 507 | \$ | 2,318 | \$ | - | \$ | 465 |
| Lease income - base |  | - |  | 186 |  | - |  | - |
| Total revenues |  | 507 |  | 2,504 |  | - |  | 465 |
| Expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotel operating expenses |  | 452 |  | 1,920 |  | 53 |  | 330 |
| Interest expense (1) |  | 522 |  | 284 |  | - |  | 55 |
| Depreciation |  | 57 |  | 139 |  | - |  | 41 |
| Total expenses |  | 1,031 |  | 2,343 |  | 53 |  | 426 |
| Net earnings (losses), hotel and lease operations |  | (524) |  | 161 |  | (53) |  | 39 |
| Assets Acquired in Liquidation Operations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  | 281 |  | 193 |  | - |  | 38 |
| Expenses |  | 256 |  | 213 |  | 5 |  | 27 |
| Net earnings (losses), assets acquired in liquidation operations |  | 25 |  | (20) |  | (5) |  | 11 |
| Total net earnings (losses) |  | (499) |  | 141 |  | (58) |  | 50 |
| Net gains on sales of real estate |  | 1,292 |  | 2,024 |  | 13 |  | 5 |
| Impairment losses |  | (233) |  | (94) |  | - |  | - |
| Discontinued operations | \$ | 560 | \$ | 2,071 | \$ | (45) | \$ | 55 |

(1) Represents interest expense and fees charged on the mortgages payable related to our hotel properties included in discontinued operations. No additional interest expense was allocated to discontinued operations. Interest expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 includes penalties of approximately $\$ 452,000$ for the prepayment of two mortgage notes.

## PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

## Note 19. Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:

Information regarding our non-cash activities was as follows:

|  | Nine Months Ended <br> September 30, |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Non-cash investing activities: | $\underline{\underline{2007}}$(In thousands) |  |
| Reclassification from loans receivable to assets acquired in liquidation | $\underline{\underline{\$ 4,917}}$ | $\underline{\underline{\$ 3,894}}$ |
| Loans receivable originated in connection with sales of assets acquired in liquidation | $\underline{\underline{\$ 6,283}}$ | $\underline{\underline{\$ 2,760}}$ |
| Loans receivable originated in connection with sales of hotel properties | $\underline{\underline{\$ 4,380}}$ | $\underline{\$ 17,084}$ |

## Note 20. Commitments and Contingencies:

## Loan Commitments

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer provided the terms established in the contract are met. Our outstanding loan commitments and approvals to fund new loans were approximately $\$ 19.4$ million at September 30, 2007, of which approximately $\$ 4.1$ million were for prime-based loans to be originated by First Western, the government portion of which (approximately $75 \%$ of each individual loan) will be sold pursuant to Secondary Market Loan Sales.

At September 30, 2007, the majority of our commitments and approvals were for variable-rate loans based on either spreads over the prime rate ranging from $1.00 \%$ to $2.75 \%$ or over the 90 -day LIBOR ranging from $3.00 \%$ to $4.00 \%$. The weighted average interest rate on our loan commitments and approvals at September 30, 2007 was $8.86 \%$. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates and require payment of a fee to us. Since some commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements.

Operating Lease
We lease office space in Dallas, Texas under a lease which expires in October 2011. Future minimum lease payments under this lease are as follows:

| Twelve Months Ending | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| September 30, |  |  |
|  | (In thousands) |  |
| 2008 | \$ | 188 |
| 2009 |  | 200 |
| 2010 |  | 211 |
| 2011 |  | 223 |
| 2012 |  | 19 |
|  | \$ | 841 |

# PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) 

## Employment Agreements

We have employment agreements with our executive officers for three-year terms expiring June 30, 2010. In the event of a change in responsibilities, as defined, during the employment period, the agreements provide for severance compensation to the executive officer in a lump sum payment in an amount equal to 2.99 times the average of the last three years annual compensation paid to the executive officer.

## Structured Loan Sale Transactions

The transaction documents of the QSPEs contain provisions (the "Credit Enhancement Provisions") that govern the assets and the inflow and outflow of funds of the QSPEs formed as part of the structured loan sale transactions. The Credit Enhancement Provisions include specified limits on the delinquency, default and loss rates on the loans receivable included in each QSPE. If, at any measurement date, the delinquency, default or loss rate with respect to any QSPE were to exceed the specified limits, the Credit Enhancement Provisions would automatically increase the level of credit enhancement requirements for that QSPE. During the period in which the specified delinquency, default or loss rate was exceeded, excess cash flow from the QSPE, if any, which would otherwise be distributable to us, would be used to fund the increased credit enhancement levels up to the principal amount of such loans and would delay or reduce our distribution. In general, there can be no assurance that amounts deferred under Credit Enhancement Provisions would be received in future periods or that future deferrals or losses will not occur.

## Environmental

PMC Funding had a recorded liability of approximately $\$ 300,000$ at September 30,2007 related to a loan with collateral that has environmental remediation obligations which are the primary responsibility of our borrower. Under purchase accounting, the liability was assumed and the loan was acquired by PMC Commercial in the merger with PMC Capital, Inc. The sale was financed by PMC Capital, Inc. through a loan with an outstanding principal balance of approximately $\$ 580,000$ at September 30, 2007 which was in default. As a result of the default, we filed a lawsuit in Georgia. The borrower filed a counterclaim alleging, among other things, breach of contract and non-default under the loan documents. Subsequent to September 30, 2007, we executed a settlement agreement with the borrower. No loss was recorded upon settlement.

## Litigation

We have significant outstanding claims against Arlington Hospitality, Inc.'s and its subsidiary, Arlington Inns, Inc.'s (together "Arlington") bankruptcy estates. Arlington objected to our claims and initiated a complaint in the bankruptcy seeking, among other things, the return of payments Arlington made pursuant to the property leases and the master lease agreement.

While confident that a substantial portion of our claims would have been allowed and the claims against us would have been disallowed, due to the exorbitant cost of defense coupled with the likelihood of reduced available assets in the debtors' estates to pay claims, we executed an agreement with Arlington to settle our claims against Arlington and Arlington’s claims against us. The settlement provides that Arlington will dismiss its claims seeking the return of certain payments made pursuant to the property leases and master lease agreement and substantially reduces our claims against the Arlington estates. The settlement further provides for mutual releases among the parties. The Bankruptcy Court has approved the settlement. Accordingly, there are no remaining assets or liabilities recorded in the accompanying consolidated financial statements related to this matter. However, the settlement will only become final upon the Bankruptcy Court's approval of Arlington's liquidation plan which was filed during the third quarter of 2007.

In the normal course of business we are periodically party to certain legal actions and proceedings involving matters that are generally incidental to our business (i.e., collection of loans receivable). In management's opinion, the resolution of these legal actions and proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial statements.

## PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

## Note 21. Business Segments:

Operating results and other financial data are presented for our principal business segments. These segments are categorized by line of business which also corresponds to how they are operated. The segments include (1) the Lending Division, which originates loans to small businesses primarily in the limited service hospitality industry and (2) the Property Division, which operated our hotel properties. With respect to the operations of our lending division, we do not differentiate between subsidiaries or loan programs.

Business segment data for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 was as follows:

|  | For the Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  |  |  |  |  | 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total |  | Lending Division |  | Property Division |  | Total |  | Lending Division |  | Property Division |  |
|  | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest income - loans and other income | \$ | 4,815 | \$ | 4,807 | \$ | 8 | \$ | 5,301 | \$ | 5,301 | \$ | - |
| Hotel property revenues |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 175 |  | - |  | 175 |
| Income from Retained Interests |  | 2,676 |  | 2,676 |  | - |  | 2,384 |  | 2,384 |  | - |
| Total |  | 7,491 |  | 7,483 |  | 8 |  | 7,860 |  | 7,685 |  | 175 |
| Expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest |  | 1,346 |  | 1,346 |  | - |  | 1,248 |  | 1,220 |  | 28 |
| Salaries and related benefits (1) |  | 1,193 |  | 1,193 |  | - |  | 1,164 |  | 1,106 |  | 58 |
| Hotel property expenses |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 179 |  | - |  | 179 |
| General and administrative |  | 583 |  | 579 |  | 4 |  | 766 |  | 729 |  | 37 |
| Permanent impairments on Retained Interests |  | 636 |  | 636 |  | - |  | 291 |  | 291 |  | - |
| Provision for losses on rent and related receivables |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 500 |  | - |  | 500 |
| Provision for loan losses, net |  | 55 |  | 55 |  | - |  | 37 |  | 37 |  | - |
| Total |  | 3,813 |  | 3,809 |  | 4 |  | 4,185 |  | 3,383 |  | 802 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 563 |  |  |  |  |
| Gain on early extinguishment of debt |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 563 |  | 563 |  | - |
| Income (loss) before income tax provision, minority interest and discontinued operations |  | 3,678 |  | 3,674 |  | 4 |  | 4,238 |  | 4,865 |  | (627) |
| Income tax benefit (provision) |  | (114) |  | (134) |  | 20 |  | (295) |  | (284) |  | (11) |
| Minority interest (preferred stock dividend of subsidiary) |  | (22) |  | (22) |  | - |  | (22) |  | (22) |  | - |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations |  | 3,542 |  | 3,518 |  | 24 |  | 3,921 |  | 4,559 |  | (638) |
| Discontinued operations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net gains on sales of real estate |  | 13 |  | 8 |  | 5 |  | 5 |  | 1 |  | 4 |
| Net earnings (losses) |  | (58) |  | (5) |  | (53) |  | 50 |  | 11 |  | 39 |
| Net income (loss) | \$ | 3,497 | \$ | 3,521 | \$ | (24) | \$ | 3,976 | \$ | 4,571 | \$ | (595) |

(1) Salaries and related benefits were allocated to the Property Division based on management's estimate of time spent for oversight during the three months ended September 30, 2006.

## PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Business segment data for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 was as follows:

|  | For the Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  |  |  |  |  | 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total |  | Lending Division |  | Property Division |  | Total |  | Lending Division |  | Property Division |  |
|  | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest income - loans and other income | \$ | 14,450 |  | \$ 14,428 | \$ | 22 |  | \$ 14,775 |  | \$ 14,758 | \$ | 17 |
| Hotel property revenues |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 450 |  | - |  | 450 |
| Income from Retained Interests |  | 6,654 |  | 6,654 |  | - |  | 7,319 |  | 7,319 |  | - |
| Total |  | 21,104 |  | 21,082 |  | 22 |  | 22,544 |  | 22,077 |  | 467 |
| Expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest |  | 4,091 |  | 4,091 |  | - |  | 4,032 |  | 3,947 |  | 85 |
| Salaries and related benefits (1) |  | 3,574 |  | 3,503 |  | 71 |  | 3,437 |  | 3,152 |  | 285 |
| Hotel property expenses |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 433 |  | - |  | 433 |
| General and administrative |  | 1,879 |  | 1,825 |  | 54 |  | 2,023 |  | 1,794 |  | 229 |
| Permanent impairments on Retained Interests |  | 759 |  | 759 |  | - |  | 875 |  | 875 |  | - |
| Provision for losses on rent and related receivables |  | 239 |  | - |  | 239 |  | 925 |  | - |  | 925 |
| Provision for loan losses, net |  | 107 |  | 107 |  | - |  | 90 |  | 90 |  | - |
| Total |  | 10,649 |  | 10,285 |  | 364 |  | 11,815 |  | 9,858 |  | 1,957 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gain on early extinguishment of debt |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 563 |  | 563 |  | - |
| Income (loss) before income tax provision, minority interest and discontinued operations |  | 10,455 |  | 10,797 |  | (342) |  | 11,292 |  | 12,782 |  | $(1,490)$ |
| Income tax benefit (provision) |  | (461) |  | (479) |  | 18 |  | (629) |  | (629) |  | - |
| Minority interest (preferred stock dividend of subsidiary) |  | (67) |  | (67) |  | - |  | (67) |  | (67) |  | - |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations |  | 9,927 |  | 10,251 |  | (324) |  | 10,596 |  | 12,086 |  | $(1,490)$ |
| Discontinued operations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net gains on sales of real estate |  | 1,292 |  | 196 |  | 1,096 |  | 2,024 |  | 165 |  | 1,859 |
| Impairment losses |  | (233) |  | (233) |  | - |  | (94) |  | (51) |  | (43) |
| Net earnings (losses) |  | (499) |  | 25 |  | (524) |  | 141 |  | (20) |  | 161 |
| Net income |  | 10,487 |  | \$ 10,239 | \$ | 248 |  | \$ 12,667 |  | \$ 12,180 | \$ | 487 |

(1) Salaries and related benefits were allocated to the Property Division based on management's estimate of time spent for oversight.

Total assets at September 30, 2007 were allocated approximately $\$ 233.6$ million to the Lending Division and $\$ 0.2$ million to the Property Division.

PART I
Financial Information

## ITEM 2.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This Form 10-Q contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which are intended to be covered by the safe harbors created thereby. Such forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "believe," "anticipate," "estimate," or "continue," or the negative thereof or other variations or similar words or phrases. These statements include the plans and objectives of management for future operations, including, but not limited to, plans and objectives relating to future growth of the loan portfolio and availability of funds. The forward-looking statements included herein are based on current expectations and there can be no assurance that these expectations will be attained. For a description of certain factors that could cause our future results to differ materially from those expressed in any such forward-looking statement, see "Recent Developments and Trends That May Affect our Business." Assumptions relating to the foregoing involve judgments with respect to, among other things, future economic, competitive and market conditions and future business decisions, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict accurately and many of which are beyond our control. Although we believe that the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements are reasonable, any of the assumptions could be inaccurate and, therefore, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements included in this Form 10-Q will prove to be accurate. In light of the significant uncertainties inherent in the forward-looking statements included herein, the inclusion of such information should not be regarded as a representation by us or any other person that our objectives and plans will be achieved. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. We do not undertake to update them to reflect changes that occur after the date they are made.

The following discussion of our financial condition at September 30, 2007 and results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006. For a more detailed description of the risks affecting our financial condition and results of operations, see "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

## BUSINESS

We are primarily a commercial lender that originates loans to small businesses that are principally collateralized by first liens on the real estate of the related business. Our loans are primarily to borrowers in the limited service hospitality industry. We also originate loans on commercial real estate to borrowers primarily in the service, retail, multi-family and manufacturing industries. We then sell certain of our loans receivable through privately-placed structured loan transactions. Historically, we have retained residual interests in all loans receivable sold through our subordinate financial interest in the related QSPEs. We seek to maximize shareholder value through long-term growth in dividends paid to our shareholders. As a REIT, we must annually distribute at least $90 \%$ of our REIT taxable income to our shareholders.

Our ability to generate interest income, as well as other revenue sources, is dependent upon economic, regulatory and competitive factors that influence interest rates and loan originations, and our ability to secure financing for our investment activities. The amount of income earned will vary based on the volume of loans funded, the timing and amount of financings, the volume of loans receivable which prepay and the resultant applicable prepayment fees, if any, the mix of loans (construction vs. non-construction), the rate on loans originated as well as the general level of interest rates.

## RECENT DEVELOPMENTS AND TRENDS THAT MAY AFFECT OUR BUSINESS

The following provides an update of our current operating overview and significant economic factors included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 that may have an impact on our financial condition and results of operations. The factors described below could impact the volume of loan originations, the income we earn on our assets, our ability to complete a securitization, the performance of our loans and/or the performance of the QSPEs.

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During the third quarter of 2007 we originated $\$ 2.2$ million of loans, bringing the year-to-date total to $\$ 36.2$ million. The market segment for limited service hospitality loans continues to be extremely competitive and the yield curve still favors fixed-rate lenders. As a result, we anticipate that our 2007 originations will be between $\$ 45$ million and $\$ 50$ million which is below our previous announcement that our 2007 originations would be at the lower end of our $\$ 60$ million to $\$ 75$ million estimate.

During 2007, while market conditions for providers of real estate financing have generally deteriorated, the availability of capital resources to us remains unchanged as a result of our low use of leverage. The initial cause of the deterioration was credit concerns in the sub-prime residential mortgage market. We are neither an originator of sub-prime mortgages nor an originator of residential mortgages. As a result of these concerns, banks and securities firms have substantially reduced the availability and increased the cost of debt capital for many companies originating mortgages. However, we extended our revolving credit facility through December 2009 and are negotiating to extend our conduit facility, which would otherwise expire in February 2008, to February 2009.

Our 2007 volume of loan originations has decreased due to increased competition. Lenders to the limited service hospitality market, where we have traditionally concentrated, have become more aggressive in the last three years as this segment has become more mainstream. Banks have expanded their position in this market through the use of deposits to fund fixed-rate mini-perm loans with five-year maturities and 15 to 25 -year amortization periods. In addition, conduit lending programs sponsored by large investment banks have been more aggressive in lending to the limited service hospitality market with maturities of ten years or greater and 20 to 30 -year amortization periods. The result of this competition has been a narrowing of availability of new loans to non-bank lenders like ourselves and a reduced spread on the loans that we are able to make. While some of our competitors have scaled back their origination activity while they evaluate their capital availability, the overall competition remains strong.

The competitive nature of this market has also resulted in a significant increase in the amount of prepayments of our serviced loans. We had greater than $\$ 91$ million of prepayments in 2006 and over $\$ 67$ million during the first nine months of 2007. As shown in the table below, the result has been a reduction in our total serviced portfolio outstanding from its peak of approximately $\$ 498$ million during 2004 to approximately $\$ 341$ million at September 30, 2007. During October 2007, prepayments of our retained loans and loans sold as part of securitizations were approximately $\$ 2.5$ million and $\$ 9.1$ million, respectively. We believe that we will continue to see high levels of prepayment activity during the remainder of 2007. Information on our serviced portfolio is provided since we retain a residual interest in the cash flows from our sold loans. Therefore, the performance of these loans impacts our profitability and our cash available for dividend distributions.

Information on our serviced portfolio, including prepayment trends, was as follows:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { September 30, } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ |  | December 31, |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 2006 | 2005 | 2004 |
|  | (Dollars in thousands) |  |  |  |  |
| Serviced portfolio | \$ | 340,806 | \$399,214 | \$452,035 | \$471,751 |
| Loan originations | \$ | 36,183 | \$ 71,530 | \$ 58,852 | \$ 53,659 |
| Prepayments | \$ | 67,721 | \$ 91,710 | \$ 41,049 | \$ 15,931 |
| \% Prepayments (1) |  | $22.6 \%$ | 20.3\% | 8.7\% | 3.2\% |

(1) Represents prepayments as a percentage of serviced portfolio outstanding as of the beginning of the applicable year. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, represents annualized prepayments as a percentage of serviced portfolio outstanding as of the beginning of the applicable year.

As a result of these loan origination challenges and our goal to expand our portfolio, we continue to explore additional investment and business opportunities. We will attempt to identify and invest in opportunities in the real estate market that are natural additions to supplement our core business. We are currently evaluating investment opportunities in the banking industry which may provide alternative and/or lower costs of funds as well as alternative lending products. In order to finance these investments, we anticipate utilizing our credit facilities. While we are using resources to evaluate these opportunities, there can be no assurance that we will ultimately invest in any of these alternatives. In addition, some of these

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alternatives may initially generate negative cash flow and could impact our ability to maintain our dividend payments at their current levels. However, we anticipate, as a result of earnings from our core business and gains generated on our property sales during 2006 and 2007, that we will maintain our current regular quarterly dividend of $\$ 0.30$ per share for our year-end 2007 dividend which is anticipated to be paid in January 2008.

We are in the process of further expanding our marketing initiatives for the SBA 7(a) program. We anticipate that as a result of First Western's preferred lender status and these expanded marketing initiatives, our originations under the SBA 7(a) program will increase; however, to date we have not realized any increase in origination or commitment volume. In addition, the typical size of a SBA 7(a) program loan is smaller than our other lending programs.

We are currently offering fixed-rate loans to borrowers at approximately $2.5 \%$ over five-year swap rates and anticipate the maximum amount of fixed-rate loans we could originate under this program to be $\$ 30.0$ million. If necessary, we would utilize the swap market or interest rate caps to lock in a fixed cost of funds so that we can offer this more competitive fixed-rate product. While we anticipate hedging our cost of funds, it is expected that any hedging programs will be limited due to the interest rate risk if unanticipated repayment of these fixed-rate loans occurs.

The yield curve combined with increased competition has caused margin compression (i.e., the margins we currently receive between the interest rate we charge our borrowers and the interest rate we are charged by our lenders have compressed). Whereas historically we originated variable-rate loans at $3.5 \%$ to $4.5 \%$ over LIBOR, currently we are offering rates between $3.0 \%$ to $4.0 \%$ over LIBOR. In addition, as a result of our weighted average spread over LIBOR being reduced on our variable-rate loan originations, we anticipate that the spread between the interest rates charged to our borrowers and the cost of funds may be less than the spread of $2.77 \%$ on our variable-rate securitization completed during 2003. The net interest margin for our leveraged portfolio is dependent upon the difference between the cost of our borrowed funds and the rate at which we invest these funds (the "net interest spread"). In general, a significant reduction in net interest spread may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and may cause us to re-evaluate our lending focus. The margin compression lowers our profitability and may impact our ability to maintain our dividend at the current amount subsequent to 2007.

We sold all of our hotel properties and assets acquired in liquidation. In addition, during June 2007, we executed a settlement agreement with Arlington Hospitality, Inc. and its subsidiary, Arlington Inns, Inc. (together "Arlington") that substantially eliminates our involvement with Arlington’s bankruptcy estate. As a result, management is now able to increase their focus on our core business including expansion of SBA 7(a) program initiatives and potential new investment opportunities.

## LOAN PORTFOLIO INFORMATION AND STATISTICS

## General

Loans originated during the first nine months of 2007 were approximately $\$ 36.2$ million (including approximately $\$ 5.0$ million repurchased from our securitizations and approximately $\$ 10.7$ million from the sale of hotel properties and assets acquired in liquidation) which is slightly less than the $\$ 36.9$ million of loans we originated during the same period in 2006 (including approximately $\$ 19.8$ million from sales of hotel properties and assets acquired in liquidation). We currently anticipate loan originations to be between $\$ 10$ million and $\$ 15$ million during the fourth quarter of 2007. During 2008, we anticipate loan originations will be between $\$ 40$ million and $\$ 50$ million. Our average loan commitment, excluding SBA 7(a) program loans, is approximately $\$ 1.3$ million per loan. Accordingly, a change in a few loans funding in periods other than expected or a few loan commitments being cancelled or approved would have a material impact on our estimates. At September 30, 2007, December 31, 2006 and September 30, 2006, our outstanding commitments to fund new loans were approximately $\$ 19.4$ million, $\$ 32.6$ million and $\$ 41.6$ million, respectively. The majority of our current commitments are for variable-rate loans which provide an interest rate match with our present sources of funds. We believe that our LIBOR-based loan program (1) allows us to compete more effectively with the diminishing market share of variable-rate products, (2) provides us with a more attractive securitization product and (3) provides us with a net interest spread that is less susceptible to interest rate risk than fixed-rate loan programs.

In addition to our retained portfolio, at September 30, 2007, we service approximately $\$ 175$ million of aggregate principal balance remaining on loans that were sold in structured loan sale transactions and secondary market loan sales. Since we retain a residual interest in the cash flows from these sold loans, the performance of these loans impacts our

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profitability and our cash available for dividend distributions. Therefore, we provide information on both our loans retained (the "Retained Portfolio") and combined with sold loans that we service (the "Aggregate Portfolio").

We have experienced prepayment activity primarily as a result of increased competition combined with the effect of the reduction or expiration of prepayment fees on certain of our loans due to the structure of the fees (i.e., expiration of lock out or yield maintenance provisions). In addition, prepayment activity for our variable-rate loans has increased since borrowers with variable-rate loans are generally seeking fixed-rate loans due to currently marketed fixed interest rates being lower than the current interest rate on their loan and/or concerns of rising interest rates. Competitors are providing larger advance rates on loans than we typically provide. We anticipate prepayment activity at these higher levels during the remainder of 2007 and 2008. Prepayments have also negatively affected the value of our Retained Interests. We continue to expect this higher level of prepayment activity related to our Retained Interests.

## Loan Portfolio Rollforward

Loans originated and principal repayments on our retained loans receivable were as follows:

|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2007 |  | 2006 |
|  | (In millions) |  |  |  |
| Loan Originations: |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial mortgage loans |  |  |  | 8.5 |
| SBA 7(a) program loans |  | 2.2 |  | 7.0 |
| Loans originated in connection with sales of assets acquired in liquidation and hotel properties |  | 10.7 |  | 19.8 |
| SBA 504 program loans (1) |  | 1.6 |  | 1.6 |
| Total loans originated |  | 36.2 |  | 36.9 |
| Principal Repayments: |  |  |  |  |
| Prepayments |  |  |  | 33.0 |
| Proceeds from the sale of SBA 7(a) guaranteed loans |  | 2.3 |  | 6.4 |
| Scheduled principal payments |  | 3.0 |  | 4.7 |
| Balloon maturities of SBA 504 program loans |  | 8.1 |  | 2.3 |
| Total principal repayments |  | 36.5 |  | 46.4 |

(1) Represents second mortgages obtained through the SBA 504 program which are repaid by certified development companies.

## Interest Rate and Yield Information

Interest rate and yield information on our Retained Portfolio was as follows:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { September 30, } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { September 30, } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weighted average contractual interest rate | 9.2\% | 9.4\% | 9.7\% |
| Annualized average yield (1) (2) | 10.1\% | 11.0\% | 10.9\% |

(1) In addition to interest income, the annualized average yield includes all fees earned and is adjusted by the provision for loan losses, net.
(2) For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2007 and for the year ended December 31, 2006.

The LIBOR and the prime rate used in determining interest rates to be charged to our borrowers during the fourth quarter of 2007 (set on October 1, 2007) is $5.23 \%$ and $7.75 \%$, respectively, while the LIBOR and prime rate charged during

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the third quarter of 2007 (set on July 1, 2007) was $5.36 \%$ and $8.25 \%$, respectively. To the extent LIBOR or the prime rate changes, we will have changes in interest income from our variable-rate loans receivable.

In addition, the weighted average contractual interest rate on our Aggregate Portfolio was $9.4 \%, 9.5 \%$ and $9.6 \%$ at September 30, 2007, December 31, 2006 and September 30, 2006, respectively.

## Loan Portfolio Breakdown

Our retained loans receivable, net, was comprised of the following:

|  | September 30, 2007 |  |  | December 31, 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Weighted Average | Loans receivable, net |  | Weighted Average |
|  | Loans receivable, net |  | Interest |  |  | Interest |
|  | Amount | \% | Rate | Amount | \% | Rate |
|  | (Dollars in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Variable-rate - LIBOR | \$ 128,333 | 78.2\% | 9.1\% | \$ 127,931 | 75.6\% | 9.4\% |
| Fixed-rate | 20,332 | 12.4\% | 8.7\% | 23,419 | 13.9\% | 8.8\% |
| Variable-rate - prime | 15,399 | 9.4\% | 10.1\% | 17,831 | 10.5\% | 10.2\% |
|  | \$164,064 | 100.0\% | 9.2\% | \$169,181 | 100.0\% | 9.4\% |

Our loans receivable were approximately $94 \%$ concentrated in the hospitality industry at September 30, 2007. Any economic factors that negatively impact the hospitality industry could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

## Impaired Loan Data

Senior management closely monitors our impaired loans which are classified into two categories: Problem Loans and Special Mention Loans (together, "Impaired Loans"). Our Problem Loans are loans which are not complying with their contractual terms, the collection of the balance of the principal is considered unlikely and on which the fair value of the collateral is less than the remaining unamortized principal balance. Our Special Mention Loans are those loans that are either not complying or had previously not complied with their contractual terms but, in general, we expect a full recovery of the principal balance through either collection efforts or liquidation of collateral.

Historically, we have not had a significant amount of Impaired Loans or delinquent loans nor have we had a significant amount of charged-off loans. Our Impaired Loans were as follows (balances represent our investment in the loans prior to loan loss reserves and deferred commitment fees):

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { September 30, } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | December 31,2006 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (In thousands) |  |  |  |
| Problem Loans: |  |  |  |  |
| Loans receivable | \$ | 606 | \$ | 1,887 |
| Sold loans of QSPEs (1) |  | - |  | - |
|  | \$ | 606 | \$ | 1,887 |
| Special Mention Loans: |  |  |  |  |
| Loans receivable | \$ | 328 | \$ | 32 |
| Sold loans of QSPEs (1) |  | - |  | 3,496 |
|  | \$ | 328 | \$ | 3,528 |
| Percentage Problem Loans: |  |  |  |  |
| Loans receivable |  | 0.4\% |  | 1.1\% |
| Sold loans of QSPEs (1) |  | - |  | - |


| Percentage Special Mention Loans: | $0.2 \%$ | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loans receivable | - | $1.9 \%$ |
| Sold loans of QSPEs (1) |  |  |

(1) We do not include the remaining outstanding principal of serviced loans pertaining to the guaranteed portion of loans sold into the secondary market since the SBA has guaranteed payment of principal on these loans.

At September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, we had reserves of approximately $\$ 56,000$ and $\$ 63,000$, respectively, against loans receivable that we have deemed to be Impaired Loans. Our provision for loan losses (excluding reductions of loan losses) as a percentage of our weighted average outstanding loans receivable was $0.07 \%$ and $0.09 \%$ during the nine months ended September 30,2007 and 2006, respectively. To the extent one or several of our loans experience significant operating difficulties and we are forced to liquidate the loans, future losses may be substantial.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## Overview

Our third quarter 2007 income from continuing operations was $\$ 3,542,000$ ( $\$ 0.33$ per share) which is our 56 th consecutive quarterly profit since commencing operation in December 1993. However, these earnings represented a $9.7 \%$ reduction from our third quarter 2006 income from continuing operations of $\$ 3,921,000$ ( $\$ 0.36$ per share). Our 2007 year-to-date income from continuing operations decreased to $\$ 9,927,000$ ( $\$ 0.93$ per share) from $\$ 10,596,000$ ( $\$ 0.99$ per share) during the nine months ended September 30, 2006, representing a $6.3 \%$ decrease.

The principal reasons for the decrease in income were reductions in other income of $\$ 664,000$ and $\$ 1,146,000$ during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, respectively, due primarily to decreases in prepayment fee income and premium income. In addition, during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 we had a reduction in income from Retained Interests of $\$ 665,000$ due to a decrease in our outstanding Retained Interests. The reduction in our outstanding Retained Interests was primarily the result of prepayments. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, we also had a $\$ 563,000$ gain on early extinguishment of debt resulting from the repayment of $\$ 7,310,000$ of SBA debentures owed by our SBICs which were prepaid, without penalty, on September 1, 2006.

These decreases were partially offset by the following. Interest income increased by $\$ 178,000$ and $\$ 821,000$ during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, respectively, due primarily to increases in variable interest rates and
our weighted average loans outstanding. However, our outstanding loan portfolio declined to approximately $\$ 164.5$ million at September 30, 2007 from $\$ 169.7$ million at December 31, 2006. The 3\% decrease in portfolio will cause future reductions in interest income until our investment portfolio increases. Beginning October 1, 2007, interest rates also were reduced on our variable-rate portfolio as a result of the 50 basis point reduction in the prime rate and recent reductions in LIBOR. In addition, our non-cash losses decreased by $\$ 137,000$ and $\$ 785,000$ during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, respectively. Our non-cash losses include provisions for loss on rent and related receivables, permanent impairments on Retained Interests and loan losses. We also had an increase in income from Retained Interests of $\$ 292,000$ during the three months ended September 30, 2007 due primarily to increased unanticipated prepayment fees of our sold loans.

Our net income decreased to $\$ 10,487,000$ ( $\$ 0.98$ per share) during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 from $\$ 12,667,000$ ( $\$ 1.18$ per share) during the nine months ended September 30, 2006. In addition to the changes in income from continuing operations described above, net income decreased due to net gains on sales of real estate included in discontinued operations of $\$ 2,024,000$ during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 compared to $\$ 1,292,000$ during the nine months ended September 30, 2007.

More detailed comparative information on the composition of and changes in our revenues and expenses is provided below.
Three Months Ended September 30, 2007 Compared to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2006

## Revenues

Interest income consisted of the following:

|  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 | 2006 |
|  | (In thousands) |  |
| Interest income - loans | \$ 3,911 | \$ 3,768 |
| Interest income - idle funds | 155 | 84 |
| Accretion of loan fees and discounts | 89 | 125 |
|  | \$ 4,155 | \$ 3,977 |

The increase in interest income - loans was primarily attributable to an increase in our weighted average loans receivable outstanding of $\$ 15.1$ million $(10 \%)$ to $\$ 166.0$ million during the three months ended September 30 , 2007 from $\$ 150.9$ million during the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase in our idle funds interest income is primarily due to the increased balance of cash and cash equivalents of our SBICs. These funds are restricted and can only be used for commitments of the SBICs.

Income from Retained Interests increased $\$ 292,000$ primarily due to an increase in unanticipated prepayment fees of $\$ 469,000$ and was partially offset by a decrease in the weighted average balance outstanding of $\$ 5.7$ million to $\$ 52.0$ million during the three months ended September 30, 2007 compared to $\$ 57.7$ million during the three months ended September 30, 2006. The yield on our Retained Interests, which is comprised of the income earned less permanent impairments, increased to $13.7 \%$ during the three months ended September 30, 2007 from $13.4 \%$ during the three months ended September 30, 2006.

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Other income consisted of the following:

|  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
|  | (In thousands) |  |  |  |
| Prepayment fees | \$ | 65 | + | 752 |
| Other loan related income |  | 352 |  | 121 |
| Servicing income |  | 186 |  | 258 |
| Premium income |  | - |  | 174 |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries |  | 25 |  | 19 |
| Other |  | 32 |  | - |
|  | \$ | 660 |  | ,324 |

While prepayment activity has remained at relatively high levels, which we believe will continue during the remainder of 2007 and 2008, prepayment fees have decreased. Prepayment fees on our variable-rate loans are generally less on a per loan basis than on our fixed-rate loans. As we are primarily originating variable-rate loans, we anticipate, as the outstanding principal balance of our fixed-rate loans declines, that prepayment fees will decline. In addition, during the last two years we have originated, and may continue to originate, variable-rate loans with no prepayment fees or reduced prepayment fees. Prepayment fee income is dependent upon a number of factors and is not generally predictable.

We earn fees for servicing all loans held by the QSPEs and on loans sold into the secondary market by First Western. As these fees are based on the principal balance of sold loans outstanding, they will decrease over time as scheduled principal payments and prepayments occur.

Premium income results from the sale of First Western's loans into the secondary market. We sold five loans and collected cash premiums of approximately $\$ 215,000$ during the three months ended September 30, 2006. We did not sell any loans during the three months ended September 30, 2007. Collected cash premiums do not equal premium income because premium income represents the difference between the relative fair value attributable to the sale of the guaranteed portion of the First Western loan and the principal balance (cost) of the loan. To the extent we are able to increase our volume of loans originated by First Western, there should be a corresponding increase in premiums received.

## Interest Expense

Interest expense consisted of the following:

|  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 | 2006 |
|  | (In thousands) |  |
| Junior subordinated notes | 603 | \$ 613 |
| Conduit facility | 524 | 274 |
| Debentures payable | 126 | 206 |
| Revolving credit facility | 21 | 19 |
| Mortgages on hotel properties | - | 28 |
| Structured notes | - | 40 |
| Other | 72 | 68 |
|  | \$ 1,346 | \$ 1,248 |

The weighted average cost of our funds at September 30, 2007 was $7.3 \%$ compared to $7.5 \%$ at September 30, 2006. Interest expense on the conduit facility increased primarily as a result of increased utilization of the facility and increases in variable interest rates. In addition, our weighted average borrowings outstanding on our conduit facility increased to $\$ 27.3$ million during the three months ended September 30, 2007 compared to $\$ 11.9$ million during the three months ended September 30, 2006.

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The reduction of interest expense on our debentures payable was a result of the prepayment, without penalty, of $\$ 7,310,000$ of fixed-rate SBA debentures with an interest rate of approximately $8.5 \%$ during the third quarter of 2006. In addition, interest expense was reduced since (1) the remaining balance outstanding on our structured notes was repaid on December 1, 2006 and (2) we repaid our remaining two mortgage notes with a principal balance of approximately $\$ 2.6$ million during the second quarter of 2007.

## Other Expenses

Our combined general and administrative expenses and salaries and related benefits expense during the three months ended September 30, 2007 decreased to $\$ 1,776,000$ compared to $\$ 1,930,000$ during the three months ended September 30, 2006 primarily due to decreased legal costs and other professional fees.

Permanent impairments on Retained Interests (write downs of the value of our Retained Interests) were $\$ 636,000$ and $\$ 291,000$ for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, resulting primarily from reductions in expected future cash flows due to increased prepayments.

Our provision for losses on rent and related receivables (Arlington) was $\$ 500,000$ during the three months ended September 30, 2006. We performed analyses of our anticipated future distribution related to the bankruptcy of Arlington based on best available information provided to us to determine the collectibility of our investment in the rent and related receivables. We have significant claims in the bankruptcy cases and the debtors have claims against our assets in response. While confident that a substantial portion of our claims would have been allowed and the claims against us would have been disallowed, due to the exorbitant cost of defense coupled with the likelihood of reduced available assets in the debtors' estates to pay claims, we executed an agreement with Arlington to settle our claims against Arlington and Arlington's claims against us. The settlement provides that Arlington will dismiss its claims seeking the return of certain payments made pursuant to the property leases and master lease agreement and substantially reduces our claims against the Arlington estates. The settlement further provides for mutual releases among the parties. The Bankruptcy Court has approved the settlement. Accordingly, there are no remaining assets or liabilities recorded in the accompanying consolidated financial statements related to this matter. However, the settlement will only become final upon the Bankruptcy Court's approval of Arlington's liquidation plan which was filed during the third quarter of 2007.

## Gain on Early Extinguishment of Debt

Gain on early extinguishment of debt during 2006 represents a gain of $\$ 563,000$ resulting from the repayment of $\$ 7,310,000$ of SBA debentures owed by our SBICs which were prepaid, without penalty, on September 1, 2006. The debentures had a carrying value of $\$ 7,873,000$ when repaid. When acquired as a result of the merger, these debentures were recorded at fair value which was greater than face value. Management's decision to repay the debentures was based upon excess cash at the subsidiary levels which was unavailable, due to SBIC requirements, to be used by the parent company. In addition, there were no significant loan commitments at the SBIC level.

## Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 Compared to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006

## Revenues

Interest income consisted of the following:

|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 | 2006 |
|  | (In thousands) |  |
| Interest income - loans | \$11,691 | \$11,063 |
| Interest income - idle funds | 386 | 192 |
| Accretion of loans fees and discounts | 332 | 333 |
|  | \$12,409 | \$11,588 |

The increase in interest income - loans was primarily attributable to (1) an increase in our weighted average loans receivable outstanding of $\$ 11.1$ million (7\%) to $\$ 165.9$ million during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 from

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$\$ 154.8$ million during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and (2) an increase in variable interest rates. The increase in our idle funds interest income is primarily due to the increased balance of cash and cash equivalents of our SBICs. These funds are restricted and can only be used for commitments of the SBICs.

Income from Retained Interests decreased $\$ 665,000$ primarily due to (1) a decrease in the weighted average balance outstanding of $\$ 5.3$ million to $\$ 53.8$ million during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 compared to $\$ 59.1$ million during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and (2) a decrease in accretion rates. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in unanticipated prepayment fees of $\$ 275,000$. The yield on our Retained Interests, which is comprised of income earned less permanent impairments, decreased to $14.0 \%$ during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 compared to $14.2 \%$ during the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Other income consisted of the following:

|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 | 2006 |
|  | (In thousands) |  |
| Prepayment fees | \$ 614 | \$ 1,516 |
| Servicing income | 592 | 803 |
| Other loan related income | 492 | 301 |
| Premium income | 174 | 499 |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries | 75 | 51 |
| Other | 94 | 17 |
|  | \$ 2,041 | \$ 3,187 |

While prepayment activity has remained at relatively high levels, which we believe will continue during the remainder of 2007 and 2008, our prepayment fees have decreased. Prepayment fees on our variable-rate loans are generally less on a per loan basis than on our fixed-rate loans. As we are primarily originating variable-rate loans, we anticipate, as the outstanding principal balance of our fixed-rate loans declines, that prepayment fees will decline. In addition, during the last two years we have originated, and may continue to originate, variable-rate loans with no prepayment fees or reduced prepayment fees. Prepayment fee income is dependent upon a number of factors and is not generally predictable.

We earn fees for servicing all loans held by the QSPEs and on loans sold into the secondary market by First Western. As these fees are based on the principal balance of sold loans outstanding, they will decrease over time as scheduled principal payments and prepayments occur.

Premium income results from the sale of First Western's loans into the secondary market. We sold six and 14 loans and collected cash premiums of approximately $\$ 215,000$ and $\$ 615,000$ during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Collected cash premiums do not equal premium income because premium income represents the difference between the relative fair value attributable to the sale of the guaranteed portion of the First Western loan and the principal balance (cost) of the loan. To the extent we are able to increase our volume of loans originated by First Western, there should be a corresponding increase in premiums received.

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## Interest Expense

Interest expense consisted of the following:

|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 | 2006 |
|  | (In thousands) |  |
| Junior subordinated notes | \$ 1,788 | \$ 1,715 |
| Conduit facility | 1,635 | 1,053 |
| Debentures payable | 372 | 688 |
| Revolving credit facility | 80 | 95 |
| Mortgages on hotel properties | - | 85 |
| Structured notes | - | 177 |
| Other | 216 | 219 |
|  | \$ 4,091 | \$ 4,032 |

The weighted average cost of our funds at September 30, 2007 was $7.3 \%$ compared to $7.5 \%$ at September 30, 2006. Interest expense on the junior subordinated notes increased due to increases in LIBOR. Interest on the conduit facility increased primarily as a result of increased utilization of the facility and increases in variable interest rates. In addition, our weighted average borrowings outstanding on our conduit facility increased to $\$ 29.5$ million during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 compared to $\$ 18.0$ million during the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

The reduction of interest expense on our debentures payable was a result of the prepayment, without penalty, of $\$ 7,310,000$ of fixed-rate SBA debentures with an interest rate of approximately $8.5 \%$ during the third quarter of 2006. In addition, interest expense was reduced since (1) the remaining balance outstanding on our structured notes was repaid on December 1, 2006 and (2) we repaid our remaining two mortgage notes with a principal balance of approximately \$2.6 million during the second quarter of 2007.

## Other Expenses

Our combined general and administrative expenses and salaries and related benefits expense during the nine months ended September 30 , 2007 remained constant at \$5,453,000 compared to \$5,460,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Permanent impairments on Retained Interests (write downs of the value of our Retained Interests) were \$759,000 and \$875,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, resulting primarily from reductions in expected future cash flows due to increased prepayments.

Our provision for losses on rent and related receivables (Arlington) was \$239,000 and \$925,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. We performed analyses of our anticipated future distribution related to the bankruptcy of Arlington based on best available information provided to us to determine the collectibility of our investment in the rent and related receivables. We have significant claims in the bankruptcy cases and the debtors have claims against our assets in response. While confident that a substantial portion of our claims would have been allowed and the claims against us would have been disallowed, due to the exorbitant cost of defense coupled with the likelihood of reduced available assets in the debtors' estates to pay claims, we executed an agreement with Arlington to settle our claims against Arlington and Arlington's claims against us. The settlement provides that Arlington will dismiss its claims seeking the return of certain payments made pursuant to the property leases and master lease agreement and substantially reduces our claims against the Arlington estates. The settlement further provides for mutual releases among the parties. The Bankruptcy Court has approved the settlement. Accordingly, there are no remaining assets or liabilities recorded in the accompanying consolidated financial statements related to this matter. However, the settlement will only become final upon the Bankruptcy Court's approval of Arlington's liquidation plan which was filed during the third quarter of 2007.

## Gain on Early Extinguishment of Debt

Gain on early extinguishment of debt during 2006 represents a gain of $\$ 563,000$ resulting from the repayment of $\$ 7,310,000$ of SBA debentures owed by our SBICs which were prepaid, without penalty, on September 1, 2006. The debentures had a carrying value of $\$ 7,873,000$ when repaid. When acquired as a result of the merger, these debentures were recorded at fair value which was greater than face value. Management's decision to repay the debentures was based upon excess cash at the subsidiary levels which was unavailable, due to SBIC requirements, to be used by the parent company. In addition, there were no significant loan commitments at the SBIC level.

## Discontinued Operations

We recorded gains of $\$ 1,292,000$ during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 resulting primarily from the sale of two hotel properties for approximately $\$ 5.5$ million generating gains of $\$ 1.1$ million and three assets acquired in liquidation for approximately $\$ 7.6$ million generating gains of approximately $\$ 185,000$. We had net gains on the sales of real estate of $\$ 2,024,000$ during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 resulting primarily from the sale of ten hotel properties for approximately $\$ 20.5$ million generating gains of approximately $\$ 1.8$ million and eight assets acquired in liquidation for approximately $\$ 4.1$ million generating gains of approximately $\$ 0.2$ million. As the down payments received were not sufficient to qualify for full accrual gain treatment on certain of the sales, we recorded initial installment gains and deferred the remaining gains. Our deferred gains total approximately $\$ 2.6$ million at September 30, 2007. Deferred gains will be recorded to income as principal is received on the related loans receivable until the required amount of cash proceeds are obtained from the purchaser to qualify for full accrual gain treatment. Subsequent to September 30, 2007, we received repayment in full of principal on a loan with a deferred gain of approximately $\$ 420,000$. This gain will be recognized during the fourth quarter of 2007.

Impairment losses were $\$ 233,000$ and $\$ 94,000$ for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, we recorded an impairment loss related to an estimated decline in fair value of an asset acquired in liquidation. For our real estate assets held for sale, we performed a recoverability test to determine if the expected net sales proceeds exceeded their carrying value. Based on this analysis, we recorded impairment losses of \$94,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Our net earnings (losses) from discontinued operations were (\$499,000) during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 compared to $\$ 141,000$ during the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The primary cause of the net loss from discontinued operations during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 was fees for the prepayment of two mortgage notes of approximately $\$ 452,000$ incurred in conjunction with the sale of the related hotel properties. We have sold all of our hotel properties and assets acquired in liquidation.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

## Cash Flow Analysis

Information on our cash flow was as follows:

|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2007 | 2006 |  |
|  | (In thousands) |  |  |  |
| Cash provided by operating activities | \$ | 9,896 | \$ 10,048 | \$ (152) |
| Cash provided by investing activities |  | 15,994 | \$ 37,480 | \$ $(21,486)$ |
| Cash used in financing activities |  | $(15,924)$ | \$ $(47,940)$ | \$ 32,016 |

## Operating Activities

Net cash flow from operating activities is primarily used to fund our dividends. Our dividends paid during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, included in financing activities, were $\$ 10,757,000$ and $\$ 9,679,000$, respectively. Our net cash provided by operating activities remained relatively constant during the nine months ended September 30, 2007.

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## Investing Activities

As described previously, we continue to experience high prepayment activity and expect prepayment activity to remain at these higher levels during the remainder of 2007 and 2008. During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the primary sources of funds were (1) principal collected on loans receivable, net of loans funded, of $\$ 10,191,000$, (2) net principal collected on Retained Interests of $\$ 3,636,000$ and (3) net proceeds from the sales of hotel properties and assets acquired in liquidation of $\$ 2,176,000$. We have sold all of our hotel properties and assets acquired in liquidation; therefore, no additional proceeds are expected. During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the primary sources of funds were (1) principal collected on loans receivable, net of loans funded, of $\$ 27,884,000$, (2) net proceeds from the sales of hotel properties and assets acquired in liquidation of $\$ 4,308,000$ and (3) principal collected on Retained Interests of $\$ 3,955,000$. Prepayments have also negatively affected the value of our Retained Interests. As the value of our Retained Interests is based on the principal balance of sold loans outstanding, it will decrease over time as scheduled principal payments and prepayments occur.

## Financing Activities

We used funds in financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 primarily to pay dividends of $\$ 10,757,000$. During the second quarter of 2007, we repaid the remaining balances on our mortgage notes of approximately $\$ 2.6$ million primarily using our short-term credit facilities. Due primarily to prepayments, excess cash at the parent and SBA 7(a) subsidiary level which is not restricted was used to repay a portion of the balance outstanding on our conduit facility. We anticipate that as a result of earnings from our core business and gains generated on property sales during 2006 and 2007, that we will maintain our current quarterly dividend of $\$ 0.30$ per common share for our year end 2007 dividend which is anticipated to be paid in January 2008. We used funds in financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 primarily for (1) net repayment of the conduit facility of $\$ 19,490,000$, (2) payment of principal on mortgage notes and debentures payable of $\$ 18,468,000$ including the repayment of mortgages payable in conjunction with hotel property sales and the repayment of $\$ 7,310,000$ of SBA debentures and (3) payment of dividends of $\$ 9,679,000$.

## Sources and Uses of Funds

## General

In general, our liquidity requirements include origination of new loans, debt principal and interest payment requirements, payment of dividends and operating costs. We intend to utilize, as deemed appropriate by prevailing market conditions, a combination of the following sources to generate funds:

- Operating revenues;
- Principal collections on existing loans receivable and Retained Interests;
- Structured loan financings or sales;
- Advances under our conduit facility;
- Borrowings under our short-term uncollateralized revolving credit facility (the "Revolver");
- Issuance of SBA debentures;
- Issuance of junior subordinated notes; and/or
- Common equity issuance.

As a result of the current credit market, investors in the type of asset-backed securities that we place may increase our cost of capital by widening the "spreads" (over a benchmark such as LIBOR or treasury rates) they require in order to purchase the asset-backed securities or cease acquiring our type of asset-based security.

We had approximately $\$ 13.7$ million of cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2007, of which approximately $\$ 13.2$ million was available only for future operating commitments of our SBICs. Pursuant to SBA rules and regulations, our SBICs cannot advance funds to us. As a result, we borrow funds on our Revolver or conduit facility to make investments even though our SBICs have available cash and cash equivalents. We may utilize the cash and cash equivalents of our SBICs to prepay SBA debentures.

Our outstanding commitments to fund new loans were $\$ 19.4$ million at September 30, 2007, of which $\$ 4.1$ million were for prime-rate loans to be originated by First Western, the government guaranteed portion of which (approximately 75\%

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of each individual loan) will be sold into the secondary market and $\$ 5.1$ million were for loans to be originated by one of our SBICs. Commitments have fixed expiration dates and require payment of a fee to us. Since some commitments expire without the proposed loan closing, total committed amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements.

We expect that these sources of funds and cash on hand will be sufficient to meet our working capital needs. However, there can be no assurance that we will be able to raise funds through these financing sources. A reduction in the availability of the above sources of funds could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations. If these sources are not available, we may have to originate loans at reduced levels or sell assets, potentially on unfavorable terms.

As a REIT, we must distribute to our shareholders at least $90 \%$ of our REIT taxable income to maintain our tax status under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). Accordingly, to the extent the sources above represent taxable income, such amounts have historically been distributed to our shareholders. In general, should we receive less cash from our portfolio of investments, we can lower the dividend so as not to cause any material cash shortfall. During 2007, we anticipate that our cash flows from operating activities will be utilized to fund our expected 2007 dividend distributions and generally will not be available to fund portfolio growth.

## Sources of Funds

Prior to 2004, our primary source of long-term funds was structured loan sale transactions. The timing of future securitization transactions is dependent upon our portfolio and loan originations. As a result of continued higher than anticipated prepayments on our loan portfolio, we do not anticipate completing our next structured loan transaction until 2008 at which time we expect to have a sufficient pool of loans to complete a securitization.

Our primary source of short-term funds is a three-year $\$ 100.0$ million conduit facility expiring February 6,2008 . Interest payments on the advances are payable at a rate typically approximating $0.85 \%$ over LIBOR. The rate that approximates LIBOR is a "pass-through" rate that the bank facility pays for its commercial paper. During periods of credit market uncertainty, the bank facility may have to pay higher daily interest rates and consequently passes the higher rates to PMC Conduit. While it appears that current "pass-through" rates have stabilized at close to LIBOR, during September and October 2007, the rates were increased by approximately 50 basis points. The principal repayment obligations are expected to occur through future securitizations of the loans collateralizing advances under the conduit facility. In addition, we are charged an unused fee equal to 12.5 basis points computed based on the daily available balance. The conduit facility allows for advances based on the amount of eligible collateral sold and has minimum collateral requirements. At September 30, 2007, approximately $\$ 47.6$ million of our loans were collateral for our conduit facility and we had outstanding advances of approximately $\$ 24.4$ million. We had availability of $\$ 12.9$ million under the conduit facility at September 30, 2007 without additional sales of loans receivable. At September 30, 2007, PMC Commercial had available approximately $\$ 30.6$ million of loans which are conduit eligible loans. We are currently negotiating to extend the conduit facility for an additional year and expect the completion of the extension during the fourth quarter of 2007.

We have availability of $\$ 20.0$ million under our Revolver which has recently been extended and now matures in December 2009. Under our Revolver, we are charged interest on the balance outstanding at our election of either the prime rate of the lender less 75 basis points or 162.5 basis points over the 30,60 or 90 -day LIBOR. We are charged an unused fee equal to 37.5 basis points computed based on our daily available balance.

## Uses of Funds

The primary use of our funds is to originate commercial mortgage loans to small businesses in the limited service hospitality industry. During the fourth quarter of 2007, we anticipate loan originations will range from approximately $\$ 10$ million to $\$ 15$ million. During 2008, we anticipate that loan originations will range from $\$ 40$ million to $\$ 50$ million. As a REIT, we also use funds for the payment of dividends to shareholders. We also use funds for payment of our operating overhead including salaries and other general administrative expenses and we have payment requirements on our borrowings.

In addition, we also use funds to repurchase loans from the QSPEs which (1) become "charged-off" as defined in the transaction documents either through delinquency or initiation of foreclosure or (2) reach maturity. We repurchased a loan from a QSPE which had become "charged-off" as defined in the transaction documents with an outstanding principal balance of approximately $\$ 3.5$ million during March 2007.

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During the second quarter of 2007, we repaid the remaining balances on our mortgage notes of approximately $\$ 2.6$ million primarily using our short-term credit facilities.

## Summarized Contractual Obligations, Commitments and Contingencies

Our contractual obligations at September 30, 2007 are summarized as follows:

| Contractual Obligations | Payments Due by Period |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Less than 1 year | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { to } 3 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3 \text { to } 5 \\ & \text { years } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | After 5 years |
|  | (In thousands, except footnotes) |  |  |  |  |
| Debt: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debentures payable (1) | \$ 8,190 | \$ | \$ - | \$ | \$ 8,190 |
| Redeemable preferred stock of subsidiary (2) | 4,000 | - | 4,000 | - | - |
| Conduit facility | 24,443 | 24,443 | - | - | - |
| Junior subordinated debt (3) | 27,070 | - | - | - | 27,070 |
| Interest: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consolidated debt (4) | 68,225 | 3,571 | 5,837 | 5,628 | 53,189 |
| Mortgage note of unconsolidated subsidiary | 321 | 104 | 188 | 29 | - |
| Other Contractual Obligations: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mortgage note of unconsolidated subsidiary (5) | 1,252 | 69 | 156 | 1,027 | - |
| Operating lease (6) | 841 | 188 | 411 | 242 | - |
| Total contractual cash obligations | \$ 134,342 | \$ 28,375 | \$10,592 | \$ 6,926 | \$88,449 |

(1) Debentures payable are presented at face value.
(2) The 4\% preferred stock of our subsidiary (presented at par value) is required to be repaid at par in September 2009 (\$2.0 million) and May 2010 ( $\$ 2.0$ million). Dividends of approximately $\$ 160,000$ are due annually on the $4 \%$ preferred stock of our subsidiary (recorded as interest expense).
(3) The junior subordinated notes may be redeemed at our option, without penalty, beginning March 30, 2010 and are subordinated to PMC Commercial's existing debt.
(4) For the interest obligation, the variable rate in effect at September 30, 2007 was utilized and no change in variable interest rates was assumed.
(5) Represents a mortgage note with a fixed interest rate of $8.5 \%$ of an unconsolidated subsidiary.
(6) Represents future minimum lease payments under our operating lease for office space.

Our commitments and contingencies at September 30, 2007 are summarized as follows:

| Commitments | Total Amounts Committed |  | Amount of Commitment Expiration Per Period |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Less than 1 year |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { to } 3 \\ & \text { years } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \text { to } 5 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { After } 5 \\ \text { years } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | (In thousands, except footnotes) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Environmental (1) | \$ | - |  |  | \$ | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Other commitments (2) |  | 19,422 |  | 19,422 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total commitments | \$ | 19,422 |  | \$ 19,422 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |

(1) PMC Funding had a recorded liability of approximately $\$ 300,000$ at September 30, 2007 related to a loan with collateral that has environmental remediation obligations which are the primary responsibility of our borrower. Under purchase accounting, the liability was assumed and the loan was acquired by PMC Commercial in the merger with PMC Capital, Inc. The loan was originated in connection with the sale of the underlying collateral by PMC Funding to the borrower. The sale was financed by PMC Capital, Inc. through a loan with an outstanding principal balance of approximately $\$ 580,000$ at September 30, 2007 which was in default prior to execution of a settlement agreement. As a result of the default, we filed a lawsuit in Georgia. The borrower filed a counterclaim alleging, among other things, breach of contract and non-default under the loan documents. Subsequent to September 30, 2007, we executed a settlement agreement with the borrower. No loss was recorded upon settlement. Represents loan commitments and approvals outstanding.

See Note 20 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for a detailed discussion of commitments and contingencies.

## IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

See Note 7 of the Consolidated Financial Statements for a full description of recent accounting pronouncements including the respective dates adopted or expected dates of adoption and effect, if any, on our results of operations and financial condition.

## DIVIDENDS

Dividends declared during 2007 were as follows:

| Date Paid | Record Date | Amount <br> Per Share |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April 9, 2007 | March 30, 2007 | \$ | 0.30 |
| July 9, 2007 | June 29, 2007 |  | 0.30 |
| October 9, 2007 | September 28, 2007 |  | 0.30 |
|  |  | \$ | 0.90 |

Our shareholders are entitled to receive dividends when and as declared by our Board of Trust Managers (the "Board"). Our Board considers many factors including, but not limited to, expectations for future earnings, REIT taxable income, the interest rate environment, competition, our ability to obtain leverage and our loan portfolio activity in determining dividend policy. The Board also uses REIT taxable income plus tax depreciation in determining the amount of dividends declared. In addition, as a REIT we are required to pay out $90 \%$ of REIT taxable income. Consequently, the dividend rate on a quarterly basis will not necessarily correlate directly to any single factor such as REIT taxable income or earnings expectations. We anticipate that as a result of earnings from our core business and gains generated on property sales during 2006 and 2007, that we will maintain our current quarterly dividend of $\$ 0.30$ per common share for our year end 2007 dividend which is anticipated to be paid in January 2008.

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## REIT TAXABLE INCOME

REIT taxable income is presented to assist investors in analyzing our performance and is a measure that is presented quarterly in our consolidated financial statements and is one of the factors utilized by our Board in determining the level of dividends to be paid to our shareholders.

The following reconciles net income to REIT taxable income:

|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 | 2006 | 2007 |  | 2006 |
|  | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |
| Net income | \$ 10,487 | \$ 12,667 | \$ 3,497 |  | 3,976 |
| Book/tax difference on depreciation | (49) | (243) | (24) |  | (12) |
| Book/tax difference on property sales | 680 | 561 | (13) |  | (4) |
| Book/tax difference on Retained Interests, net | 1,243 | 1,499 | 675 |  | 550 |
| Impairment losses | 233 | 43 | - |  | - |
| Book/tax difference on rent and related receivables | $(1,152)$ | 925 | - |  | 500 |
| Book/tax difference on amortization and accretion | (192) | (586) | (46) |  | (497) |
| Asset valuation | (295) | (891) | 6 |  | (5) |
| Other book/tax differences, net | 101 | (217) | (73) |  | (55) |
| Subtotal | 11,056 | 13,758 | 4,022 |  | 4,453 |
| Less: taxable REIT subsidiaries net income, net of tax | (796) | $(1,236)$ | (231) |  | (615) |
| REIT taxable income | \$ 10,260 | \$ 12,522 | \$ 3,791 |  | 3,838 |
| Distributions declared | \$ 9,685 | \$ 9,674 | \$ 3,229 |  | 3,225 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding | 10,758 | 10,747 | 10,765 |  | $\underline{10,751}$ |

As a REIT, PMC Commercial generally will not be subject to corporate level Federal income tax on net income that is currently distributed to shareholders provided the distribution exceeds $90 \%$ of REIT taxable income. We may make an election under the Code to treat distributions declared in the current year as distributions of the prior year's taxable income. Upon election, the Code provides that, in certain circumstances, a dividend declared subsequent to the close of an entity's taxable year and prior to the extended due date of the entity's tax return may be considered as having been made in the prior tax year in satisfaction of income distribution requirements.

## ITEM 3.

## Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Since our consolidated balance sheet consists of items subject to interest rate risk, we are subject to market risk associated with changes in interest rates as described below. Although management believes that the analysis below is indicative of our sensitivity to interest rate changes, it does not adjust for potential changes in credit quality, size and composition of our balance sheet and other business developments that could affect our financial position and net income. Accordingly, no assurances can be given that actual results would not differ materially from the potential outcome simulated by these estimates.

## LOANS RECEIVABLE

Our loans receivable are recorded at cost and adjusted by net loan origination fees and discounts (which are recognized as adjustments of yield over the life of the loan) and loan loss reserves. In order to determine the estimated fair value of our loans receivable, we use a present value technique for the anticipated future cash flows using certain assumptions including a current market discount rate, prepayment tendencies and potential loan losses. Our loans receivable are approximately $88 \%$ variable-rate at spreads over LIBOR or the prime rate consistent with the market. Increases or decreases in interest rates will generally not have a material impact on the fair value of our variable-rate loans receivable. However, as a result of our LIBOR-based loans generally having spreads above market interest rates, the value of these loans is greater than our amortized cost. We had $\$ 143.8$ million of variable-rate loans at September 30, 2007. The estimated fair value of these variable-rate loans was approximately $\$ 146.0$ million.

Changes in interest rates on our fixed-rate loans receivable do not have an immediate impact on our interest income. Our interest rate risk on our fixed-rate loans receivable is primarily related to loan prepayments and maturities. The average maturity of our loan portfolio is less than their average contractual terms because of prepayments. The average life of mortgage loans receivable tends to increase when the current mortgage rates are substantially higher than rates on existing mortgage loans receivable and, conversely, decrease when the current mortgage rates are substantially lower than rates on existing mortgage loans receivable (due to refinancings of fixed-rate loans).

We had $\$ 20.3$ million and $\$ 23.4$ million of fixed-rate loans receivable at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively. The estimated fair value of these fixed interest rate loans receivable was approximately $\$ 21.2$ million and $\$ 23.9$ million at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively.

If we were required to sell our loans at a time we would not otherwise do so, there can be no assurance that the fair values estimated above would be obtained and losses could be incurred.

At September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, we had $\$ 143.8$ million and $\$ 145.8$ million of variable-rate loans receivable, respectively, and $\$ 51.5$ million and $\$ 54.0$ million of variable-rate debt, respectively. On the differential between our variable-rate loans receivable outstanding and our variablerate debt ( $\$ 92.3$ million and $\$ 91.8$ million at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively) we have interest rate risk. To the extent variable rates decrease, our interest income net of interest expense would decrease.

As a result of approximately $\$ 9.9$ million and $\$ 16.4$ million at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively, of our variable-rate loans receivable having interest rate floors (from $5.25 \%$ to $6.0 \%$ ), we are deemed to have derivative investments. However, we are not required to bifurcate these instruments; therefore, they are not accounted for as derivatives. To the extent that interest rates decline with respect to our loans that have floors, our interest expense on our variable-rate debt may be reduced by a higher amount than our interest income. We do not use derivatives for speculative purposes.

The sensitivity of our variable-rate loans receivable and debt to changes in interest rates is regularly monitored and analyzed by measuring the characteristics of our assets and liabilities. We assess interest rate risk in terms of the potential effect on interest income net of interest expense in an effort to ensure that we are insulated from any significant adverse effects from changes in interest rates. Based on our analysis of the sensitivity of interest income and interest expense at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, if the consolidated balance sheet were to remain constant and no actions were taken to alter the existing interest rate sensitivity, each hypothetical 100 basis point reduction in interest rates would reduce net income by approximately $\$ 923,000$ and $\$ 918,000$, respectively, on an annual basis.

## MORTGAGE NOTES AND DEBENTURES PAYABLE, JUNIOR SUBORDINATED NOTES, CREDIT FACILITIES AND REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK OF SUBSIDIARY ("DEBT")

As of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, approximately $\$ 11.9$ million and $\$ 14.5$ million, respectively, of our consolidated debt had fixed rates of interest and was therefore not affected by changes in interest rates. Our variable-rate debt is based on the prime rate and/or LIBOR (or approximates LIBOR) and thus subject to adverse changes in market interest rates. Assuming there were no increases or decreases in the balance outstanding under our variable-rate debt at September 30, 2007, each hypothetical 100 basis points increase in interest rates would increase interest expense and decrease net income by approximately $\$ 515,000$.

Our fixed-rate debt at September 30, 2007 is primarily comprised of SBA debentures which currently have prepayment penalties up to $3 \%$ of the principal balance.

The following presents the principal amounts, weighted average interest rates and fair values required by year of expected maturity to evaluate the expected cash flows and sensitivity to interest rate changes of our outstanding debt at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006. Market risk disclosures related to our outstanding debt as of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 were as follows:

|  | Twelve Month Periods Ending September 30, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underline{\text { Thereafter }}$ |  | Carrying Value |  | Fair Value (1) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 010 | 2011 |  | 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (Dollars in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed-rate debt (2) | \$ | - | \$ | 1,889 | \$ | 1,854 | \$ | - |  | S | - | \$ | 8,164 | \$ | 11,907 | \$ | 11,979 |
| Variable-rate debt (LIBOR based) (3) |  | 24,443 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  | - |  | 27,070 |  | 51,513 |  | 51,513 |
| Totals |  | 24,443 | \$ | 1,889 | \$ | 1,854 | \$ | - |  | \$ | - | \$ | 35,234 |  | 63,420 |  | 63,492 |

(1) The estimated fair value is based on a present value calculation based on prices of the same or similar instruments after considering risk, current interest rates and remaining maturities.
(2) The weighted average interest rate of our fixed-rate debt at September 30, 2007 was $6.3 \%$.
(3) The weighted average interest rate of our variable-rate debt at September 30, 2007 was $7.8 \%$.

(1) The estimated fair value is based on a present value calculation based on prices of the same or similar instruments after considering risk, current interest rates and remaining maturities.
(2) The weighted average interest rate of our fixed-rate debt at December 31, 2006 was $6.6 \%$.
(3) The weighted average interest rate of our variable-rate debt at December 31, 2006 was $7.5 \%$.

## RETAINED INTERESTS

Our Retained Interests are valued based on various factors including estimates of appropriate discount rates. Changes in the discount rates used in determining the fair value of the Retained Interests will impact their carrying value. Any appreciation of our Retained Interests is included in the accompanying balance sheet in beneficiaries' equity. Any depreciation of our Retained Interests is either included in the accompanying statement of income as a permanent impairment (if there is a reduction in expected future cash flows) or on our balance sheet in beneficiaries' equity as an unrealized loss. Assuming all other factors (i.e., prepayments, losses, etc.) remained unchanged, if discount rates were 100 basis points and 200 basis points higher than rates estimated at September 30, 2007, the estimated fair value of our Retained Interests at

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September 30, 2007 would have decreased by approximately $\$ 1.0$ million and $\$ 2.0$ million, respectively. Assuming all other factors (i.e., prepayments, losses, etc.) remained unchanged, if discount rates were 100 basis points and 200 basis points higher than rates estimated at December 31, 2006, the estimated fair value of our Retained Interests at December 31, 2006 would have decreased by approximately $\$ 1.6$ million and $\$ 3.1$ million, respectively.

ITEM 4.

## Controls and Procedures

## EVALUATION OF DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, management has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined under rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of September 30, 2007. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

## CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2007 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II

 Other Information
## ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

We have significant outstanding claims against Arlington's bankruptcy estate. Arlington has objected to our claims and initiated a complaint in the bankruptcy seeking, among other things, the return of payments Arlington made pursuant to the property leases and the master lease agreement.

While confident that a substantial portion of our claims would have been allowed and the claims against us would have been disallowed, due to the exorbitant cost of defense coupled with the likelihood of reduced available assets in the debtors' estates to pay claims, we executed an agreement with Arlington to settle our claims against Arlington and Arlington's claims against us. The settlement provides that Arlington will dismiss its claims seeking the return of certain payments made pursuant to the property leases and master lease agreement and substantially reduces our claims against the Arlington estates. The settlement further provides for mutual releases among the parties. The Bankruptcy Court has approved the settlement. Accordingly, there are no remaining assets or liabilities recorded in the accompanying consolidated financial statements related to this matter. However, the settlement will only become final upon the Bankruptcy Court's approval of Arlington's liquidation plan which was filed during the third quarter of 2007.

In the normal course of business we are periodically party to certain legal actions and proceedings involving matters that are generally incidental to our business (i.e., collection of loans receivable). In management's opinion, the resolution of these legal actions and proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial statements.

## ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the factors disclosed in Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

## ITEM 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

None.

ITEM 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

## TEM 5. Other Information

The following event occurred subsequent to the quarterly period covered by this Form 10-Q and is reportable under Form 8-K:

## Item 1.01. Entry into a Material Definitive Agreement

On November 7, 2007, the Company amended its revolving credit facility and extended the maturity to December 31, 2009. A copy of the amendment is attached hereto as Exhibit 10.1 and is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 6. Exhibits
A. Exhibits
3.1 Declaration of Trust (incorporated by reference to the exhibits to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-11 filed with the SEC on June 25, 1993, as amended (Registration No. 33-65910)).
3.1(a) Amendment No. 1 to Declaration of Trust (incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-11 filed with the SEC on June 25, 1993, as amended (Registration No. 33-65910)).
3.1(b) Amendment No. 2 to Declaration of Trust (incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1993).
3.1(c) Amendment No. 3 to Declaration of Trust (incorporated by reference to the Registrant’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003).
3.2 Bylaws (incorporated by reference to the exhibits to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-11 filed with the SEC on June 25, 1993, as amended (Registration No. 33-65910)).

* 10.1 Sixth amendment to Credit Agreement between PMC Commercial Trust and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. dated November 7, 2007.
* $31.1 \quad$ Section 302 Officer Certification - Chief Executive Officer
* $31.2 \quad$ Section 302 Officer Certification - Chief Financial Officer
** $32.1 \quad$ Section 906 Officer Certification - Chief Executive Officer
** $32.2 \quad$ Section 906 Officer Certification - Chief Financial Officer
* Filed herewith.
** Submitted herewith.


## Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PMC Commercial Trust
$\qquad$
11/9/07

Date: $\quad 11 / 9 / 07$
/s/ Lance B. Rosemore
Lance B. Rosemore
President and Chief Executive Officer
/s/ Barry N. Berlin
Barry N. Berlin
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer)

## SIXTH AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT

THIS SIXTH AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT (this "Amendment") is entered into as of November 7, 2007, among PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST, a real estate investment trust organized under the laws of the State of Texas ("Borrower"), certain Lenders, and JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A. (successor by merger to Bank One, N.A. (Main Office Chicago)) ("Administrative Agent").

## PRELIMINARY STATEMENT:

Borrower, Administrative Agent and Lenders are party to that certain Credit Agreement (as renewed, extended, amended and restated, the "Credit Agreement") dated as of February 29, 2004, pursuant to which the Lenders have made and may hereafter make loans to Borrower. The parties hereto have agreed to amend the Credit Agreement as described herein.

Accordingly, for adequate and sufficient consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, Borrower, Administrative Agent and Lenders agree as follows:

1. Defined Terms; References. Unless otherwise stated in this Amendment (a) terms defined in the Credit Agreement have the same meanings when used in this Amendment and (b) references to "Sections," "Schedules" and "Exhibits" are to sections, schedules and exhibits to the Credit Agreement.

## 2. Amendments.

(a) The defined term "Stated Termination Date" in Section 1.1 of the Credit Agreement is amended in its entirety as follows:
"Stated Termination Date" means December 31, 2009.
3. Conditions Precedent. Notwithstanding any contrary provisions, the foregoing paragraphs in this Amendment are not effective unless and until (a) the representations and warranties in this Amendment are true and correct and (b) Administrative Agent receives counterparts of this Amendment executed by each party named below.
4. Ratifications. This Amendment modifies and supersedes all inconsistent terms and provisions of the Credit Documents, and except as expressly modified and superseded by this Amendment, the Credit Documents are ratified and confirmed and continue in full force and effect. Borrower, Administrative Agent and Lenders agree that the Credit Documents, as amended by this Amendment, continue to be legal, valid, binding and enforceable in accordance with their respective terms.
5. Representations and Warranties. Borrower hereby represents and warrants to Administrative Agent and Lenders that (a) this Amendment and any Credit Documents to be delivered under this Amendment have been duly executed and delivered by Borrower, (b) no action of, or filing with, any Governmental Authority is required to authorize, or is otherwise required in connection with, the execution, delivery, and performance by Borrower of this Amendment and any Credit Document to be delivered under this Amendment, (c) this

Amendment and any Credit Documents to be delivered under this Amendment are valid and binding upon Borrower and are enforceable against Borrower in accordance with their respective terms, except as limited by any applicable Debtor Relief Laws, (d) the execution, delivery and performance by Borrower of this Amendment and any Credit Documents to be delivered under this Amendment do not require the consent of any other Person and do not and will not constitute a violation of any Governmental Requirements, agreements or understandings to which Borrower is a party or by which Borrower is bound, (e) the representations and warranties contained in the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, and any other Credit Document are true and correct in all material respects as of the date of this Amendment, and (f) as of the date of this Amendment, no Event of Default or Potential Default exists or is imminent.
6. References. All references in the Credit Documents to the "Credit Agreement" refer to the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment. This Amendment is a "Credit Document" referred to in the Credit Agreement and the provisions relating to Credit Documents in the Credit Agreement are incorporated by reference, the same as if set forth verbatim in this Amendment.
7. Counterparts. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts with the same effect as if all signatories had signed the same document.
8. Parties Bound. This Amendment binds and inures to the benefit of Borrower, Administrative Agent and each Lender, and, subject to Section 14 of the Credit Agreement, their respective successors and assigns.

> 9. Entirety. THIS AMENDMENT, THE CREDIT AGREEMENT AS AMENDED BY THIS AMENDMENT, AND THE OTHER CREDIT DOCUMENTS REPRESENT THE FINAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE PARTIES FOR THE TRANSACTIONS THEREIN, AND MAY NOT BE CONTRADICTED BY EVIDENCE OF PRIOR, CONTEMPORANEOUS, OR SUBSEQUENT ORAL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE PARTIES. THERE ARE NO UNWRITTEN ORAL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE PARTIES.
[Remainder of page intentionally blank. Signature Page follows.]

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, NA,
as Administrative Agent, Bank One and a Lender
By: /s/ Bradley C. Peters
Bradley C. Peters, Senior Vice President
PMC COMMERCIAL TRUST,
as Borrower

By: /s/ Jan F. Salit
Name: Jan F. Salit
Title: Executive Vice President

## CERTIFICATION

I, Lance B. Rosemore, Chief Executive Officer, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of PMC Commercial Trust;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d15(f)) for the registrant and have:
a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/Lance B. Rosemore<br>Lance B. Rosemore<br>Chief Executive Officer

## CERTIFICATION

I, Barry N. Berlin, Chief Financial Officer, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of PMC Commercial Trust;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d15(f)) for the registrant and have:
a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Barry N. Berlin<br>Barry N. Berlin<br>Chief Financial Officer

## EXHIBIT 32.1

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO <br> 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, <br> AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO <br> SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of PMC Commercial Trust (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2007 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Lance B. Rosemore, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

## /s/ Lance B. Rosemore

Lance B. Rosemore
Chief Executive Officer
November 9, 2007
This certification accompanies the Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

A signed original of this statement required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

## EXHIBIT 32.2

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO <br> 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, <br> AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO <br> SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of PMC Commercial Trust (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2007 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Barry N. Berlin, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

## /s/ Barry N. Berlin

Barry N. Berlin
Chief Financial Officer
November 9, 2007
This certification accompanies the Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

A signed original of this statement required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

